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Table with exchange rates for various countries including Algeria, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Cyprus, Denmark, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, U.S., U.K., West Germany, and Yugoslavia.

Thatcher Refuses to Discuss Sands With 3 Irish MPs

By R. W. Apple... Mrs. Thatcher refused Tuesday to meet three members of Parliament from the Republic of Ireland who had hoped to discuss the death of Bobby Sands, a 27-year-old IRA striker who is reported to be approaching death.

Mr. Sands, a convicted leader of the Irish Republican Army, was held in the Maze prison in Northern Ireland and has refused food for 52 days, bringing tension in the province to their highest level in months.

British government statement Tuesday evening: "Deterioration previously noted in Sands' situation continues." After visiting Mr. Sands Tuesday morning, his supporters reported that he was no longer able to read because of falling vision and that his hearing was impaired.

Violence Feared... new spasm of violence in the north is widely predicted if Mr. Sands dies. The IRA has threatened a major campaign, which probably would evoke retaliatory action from Protestant paramilitary groups in Ulster.

Chirac Now Given Chance to Face Giscard in Runoff

By Jonathan Kendall... Mr. Mitterrand, whose support has been slipping a bit in opinion surveys, seems to be caught in a pincer movement on the first round between the fast-rising Mr. Chirac and Mr. Marchais, who has also gained ground in the late polls.

Mr. Chirac, a 57-year-old lawyer, is also changing his tactics. The mayor made his impact early in the campaign by strongly attacking Mr. Giscard d'Estaing for rising unemployment and inflation and an allegedly timid, wavering foreign policy.



An Israeli civilian receives aid after being wounded by Palestinian rockets fired across the Israel-Lebanon border on Tuesday.

Syrians, Christians Renew Beirut Battle

BEIRUT — Artillery battles between Syrian forces and Christian militias shattered the Lebanese cease-fire Tuesday, temporarily closing the airport and forcing 300,000 residents into bomb shelters in Beirut and Zahle.

With mortar shells exploding around them, three Lebanese jets took off from Syrian-controlled Beirut airport after nightfall. Officials of the airport, located on the city's southern outskirts, said three Boeing 727s of Middle East Airlines, Lebanon's national carrier, departed in rapid succession, each carrying about 100 passengers.



Jacques Chirac

Artillery and rocket launchers blazed along the Green Line that has split Beirut into Moslem and Christian sectors since the 1975-76 civil war was smothered by Syrian troops — about 22,000 of whom remain in Lebanon to police the armistice.

U.S. Policy on NATO Funding Made More Flexible for Allies

By Joseph Fitchett... PARIS — A confidential Pentagon report says that the Reagan administration has adopted a new policy approach to the question of what constitutes equitable sharing of military costs among NATO allies and Japan.

The point is believed likely to gratify Europeans who contend that the 3-percent figure was a political compromise that is no longer realistic. Europeans argue that, judged by any standard of cost effectiveness, their forces are often better — and proportionately bigger — than the U.S. military establishment's.

Not the Time to Quarrel... Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. "carried the day, temporarily at least, that this arbitrary 3-percent figure is not worth fighting over because we risked losing sight of the larger problems," said Sen. Joseph R. Biden Jr., the Delaware Democrat who is a minority member of the Foreign Relations Committee.

The report, a final draft by the Department of Defense which is now at the State Department for comment, marks no softening of the Reagan administration's drive to get allied agreement to increase military effort. But it stresses the need for the United States to overcome NATO divergence about the Soviet threat so that all NATO countries do more military spending, and it adopts a new diplomatic approach.

U.S. Rights Policy Should Vary With Type of Regime, Haig Says

By Bernard Gwertzman... WASHINGTON — Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., in an extensive discussion of the Reagan administration's approach to human rights, said the United States should oppose all human rights violations, "by ally or adversary, friend or foe," but be more critical of totalitarian regimes than of authoritarian ones.

South Korea, Argentina, Chile, and the Philippines, countries that had been at odds with the Carter administration over their human rights records. Under Mr. Haig, the State Department has also adopted a policy of not publicly criticizing friendly countries.

Minding the Perimeter... Among its conclusions, the report finds that NATO countries (with the exclusion of the United States) are shouldering, as a group, an adequate military burden for the NATO area and Japan. But sharp nation-by-nation inequities are identified, and the report stresses that all countries need to do more on the Western strategic perimeter to meet Soviet threats in the Third World.

Reagan Approves Saudi AWACS Sale, But Delays Going to Congress, Aide Says

WASHINGTON — President Reagan has decided to go ahead with the controversial sale of sophisticated radar planes to Saudi Arabia, but has not decided when to ask Congress for approval, a White House spokesman said Tuesday.

Reagan's economic package. "The determination has not been made on how and when we'll proceed with Congress for approval," Mr. Speakes said.

Christian gunners shelled the port city of Sidon on the Mediterranean coast, causing heavy damage to the harbor, the city government's office said. There were no reports of casualties. In Tel Aviv, a military spokesman said one Israeli was seriously wounded by Palestinian guerrilla rockets fired across the Lebanese frontier into the northern Galilee town of Kiryat Shmona. Israeli artillery returned fire across the border, the spokesman said.

Indian Ocean: Filling the Power Vacuum

This is the second of three articles. By Michael T. Kaufman... NEW DELHI — The Soviet diplomat in the Seychelles was trying to show candor as he spoke with a visitor in the garden of his embassy in the island group in the Indian Ocean.

Superpowers Move Into Gap Left by British... The United States had a Middle East fleet of three small ships based in Bahrain. There were even discussions with the Russians about ways to limit naval activity in the area. But after the Soviet move in the Horn of Africa, the United States withdrew from the talks.

Essentially it involved the rapid building or modernization of facilities on Diego Garcia, an island in the Indian Ocean that the United States leases from Britain. Only 15 miles long and at its maximum a mile wide, Diego Garcia was envisioned as a rear base and depot for a Marine brigade trained for amphibious landings.

recreation areas for sailors and Marines. In all three countries money has been allocated for improving harbors and airfields, with arms sales to the governments on concessional terms. Discussions on military cooperation have also been held with Egypt and Sudan.

repeating that the government's policy is under review. The recent embarrassing visit of South African military men to the United States and the visits of Reagan supporters to South Africa have alarmed black African leaders. They worry that Washington may be tempted to end its embargo on naval visits and arms sales to South Africa.

For more than a decade military analysts have written papers on the vulnerability of oil routes from the Gulf and military historians have speculated about who would fill the power vacuum left in the Indian Ocean after the withdrawal of the British in the 1960s. Now there is an urgency to the discussion.

Views such as Adm. Long's have gained support and momentum in Washington during the last four years, particularly since the Soviet turnaround in ending support for Somalia and backing instead the Ethiopian government by supplying arms and financing its use of Cuban troops in 1977.

On South Africa, State Department spokesmen keep repeating that the government's policy is under review. The recent embarrassing visit of South African military men to the United States and the visits of Reagan supporters to South Africa have alarmed black African leaders.

There are others, including some diplomats with long experience in South Africa, who caution that any military arrangement with Pakistan would saddle Washington with the responsibility for having maintained an unpopular government should the opposition overthrow the martial law regime.

It was learned Monday that Mr. Haig cautioned Saudi leaders during his recent Middle East trip that an arms package would be jeopardized if they insisted that it include AWACS planes.

Early Announcement... On March 6, the administration announced it was committed to the principle of selling Saudi Arabia surveillance aircraft. The National Security Council, shortly before Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr.'s recent trip to the Middle East, approved the proposal to sell five AWACS planes to the Saudis.

It was learned Monday that Mr. Haig cautioned Saudi leaders during his recent Middle East trip that an arms package would be jeopardized if they insisted that it include AWACS planes.

INSIDE World Bank... The U.S. Treasury has quietly commissioned a staff study to determine whether World Bank lending has encouraged Socialist governments at the expense of private enterprise.

TOMORROW Indexing Wages... Throughout the industrialized nations, particularly in Western Europe, political pressures are building to ease the impact of that enduring specter of Western inflation fighters — wage indexation — the controversial system of linking prices and wages. A story in tomorrow's IHT.

Japanese Atomic Officials Acknowledge 56 Workers Contaminated in March Spill

By William Chapman
Washington Post Service

TOKYO — Fifty-six workers were exposed to radioactive wastes from a Japanese nuclear power plant in an accident that was kept secret for more than a month, officials acknowledged Tuesday.

The announcement by the Japan Atomic Power Co. was the first indication that a large number of persons may have been contaminated. An earlier report had indicated that at most 16 may have been affected.

The latest disclosure of mishaps at the Tsuruga plant raised new uncertainties about nuclear power development in Japan, where construction of new plants has been stalled in part by the widely publicized accident in 1979 at Three Mile Island in Pennsylvania.

Officials described the extent of contamination of the workers as negligible, but the nature of the accident and the lengthy secrecy has transformed it into a major affair.

Hints of a Reshuffle

The chief of the Japan Atomic Power Co., which had developed the plant, was reported preparing to resign and newspaper reports hinted at a substantial reshuffling of its top management.

Officials at the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, which is in charge of the investiga-

tion, said they could not yet gauge the seriousness of the accident because they encountered new disclosures from the plant's management almost every day.

The accident occurred on March 8 when a large amount of waste water overflowed a filter tank at the plant, which is located on the Sea of Japan west of Tokyo. At first it was reported that the leakage was caused by a structural defect. Then it was learned that a valve had been left open permitting more than 40 tons of waste water to flow out.

The valve was open for about three hours, officials acknowledged, and in an attempt to stop the flow workers tried to scoop some of it up in polyester buckets.

Mud Samples Cited

The accident was known to investigators this week only after significant amounts of radioactivity were discovered in samples of mud taken from a sewage outlet, which carries water into nearby Tsuruga Bay. The waters near the plant are a rich fishing ground.

It was the second time this year that the Tsuruga management had been found to have concealed accidents that resulted in radioactive leakage. In January, there were two incidents of leakage caused by cracks in a water heater. They were

not known to outside authorities until early this month.

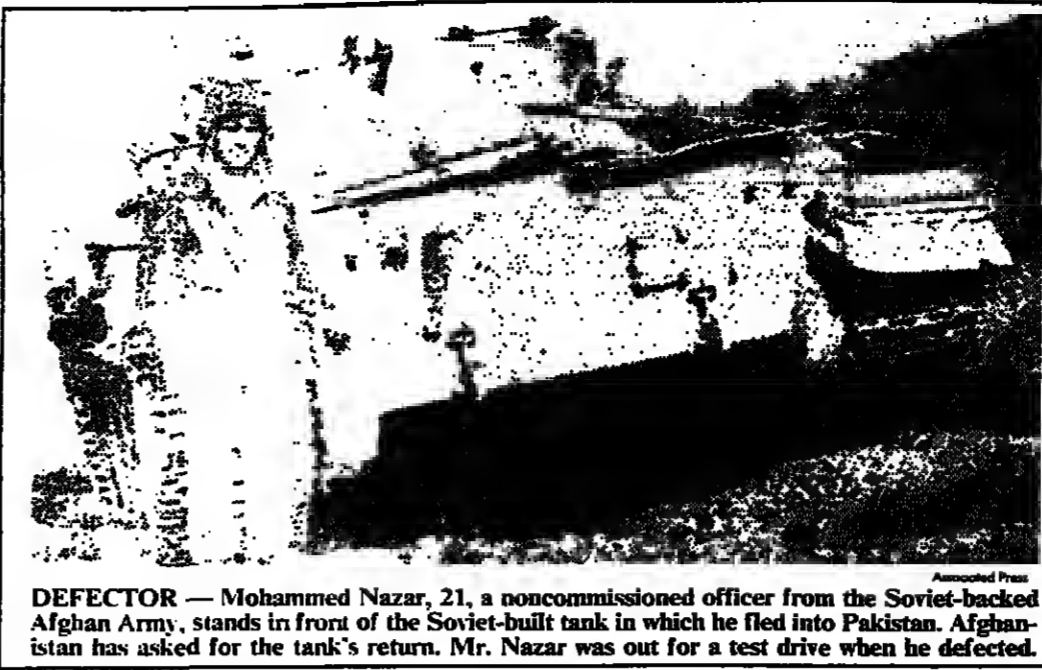
Officials moved quickly to investigate the latest incident, although it is not likely to change the government's position, which is one of encouraging nuclear power development in order to lessen dependence on oil.

At present, 21 nuclear power reactors are in operation and an additional 14 reactors are planned by the end of 1985.

But leakage incidents and the mishap at Three Mile Island two years ago have fueled the action of anti-nuclear groups. For nearly two years, partly as a result of Three Mile Island, no new plant applications were submitted.

Local opposition to each new plant is strong. In what was regarded as a test of anti-nuclear sentiment, the mayor of one small town, Kubokawacho, was recalled by the voters early this year because he had favored construction of a plant. However, in a turnabout which showed how tight the lines are drawn on the issue, he was recently re-elected.

The administration of Premier Zenko Suzuki recently restated its approval of nuclear development and the ruling Liberal Democratic Party adopted a program calling for a national campaign in support of nuclear energy.



DEFECTOR — Mohammed Nazar, 21, a noncommissioned officer from the Soviet-backed Afghan Army, stands in front of the Soviet-built tank in which he fled into Pakistan. Afghanistan has asked for the tank's return. Mr. Nazar was out for a test drive when he defected.

Superpowers Compete in Indian Ocean

(Continued from Page 1)

er warships to the Indian Ocean in large numbers, he asserted. The first reason he gave "is to secure our own maritime and fishing areas." As the Soviet Union has developed its maritime and fishing fleets, traffic between Vladivostok and the Black Sea ports has increased and has formed one of the

country's most important naval highways.

The second objective of Soviet naval policy, Mr. Velikanov said, is Moscow's historic support for African liberation movements. He said a military presence was important to bolster these liberation movements. Since such movements have prevailed everywhere on the

continent except in South Africa and South-West Africa (Namibia), it was obvious that the Soviet diplomat regarded South Africa as the target of this strategy.

A week before he was interviewed, three Soviet Navy ships had pulled into Maputo harbor in Mozambique in response to a South African raid. French officials and leftist politicians on the island of Reunion agreed that the prize sought by Soviet actions in the region was not the oil supplies of the Gulf but the mineral wealth of southern Africa.

A third point raised by Mr. Velikanov was not echoed by any Western source. "Our presence in the Indian Ocean is also a matter of national defense," he said. "Your missiles from submarines in this ocean can reach any part of the Soviet Union."

When the visitor chided the Soviet diplomat that the prospect of missiles raining on Moscow from the Indian Ocean seemed far-fetched, his answer strangely echoed the response of the U.S. military attaché in India. "In this world you must deal with capabilities, not probabilities," Mr. Velikanov said.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

London Youths Riot at Holiday Fairs; 80 Hurt
Reuters

LONDON — Hundreds of youths, most of them black, rioted at Easter holiday fairs in three areas of London, injuring more than 80 people including at least 50 police officers. More than 100 people were arrested.

The government-funded Commission for Racial Equality said the violence was not connected with the previous weekend's riots in the Brixton district. "Brixton was a completely separate affair from this Easter violence, which seems to recur each year and is common to both black and white young people," a commission spokesman said.

The violence began Monday night at fairgrounds at Finchbury Park north London, Wanstead in east London and Ealing Common in west London, spreading to surrounding streets, police said. There has been trouble at London fairgrounds on previous holidays but police said had never been as bad as it was Monday.

2 Killed After Protest at Tehran University
Reuters

TEHRAN — A man and a young woman were killed in clashes between Tehran University students and supporters of Iran's fundamentalist Islamic leadership, officials said Tuesday. Hospital sources said 21 persons were treated, including five who underwent surgery for knife wounds and other injuries.

Newspapers said the incidents took place Monday after a demonstration by about 200 members of the extreme-left Paykar group demanding the reopening of the university, which was closed at the start of an anti-leftist "Cultural Revolution" a year ago.

The newspapers said the leftists clashed with members of the so-called "Party of God" and militant supporters of hard-line Islamic leaders. Handmade grenades thrown during a scuffle killed the man and woman, the newspapers said.

Soviet Press Praises Polish Ties, Assails West
Reuters

MOSCOW — The Soviet press, underlining Moscow's commitment to support Communist rule in Poland, said Tuesday that Soviet-Polish friendship was the guarantee of Poland's security and independence. Several newspapers accused the West of trying to undo the link between Moscow and Warsaw.

Diplomats said the articles, marking the 36th anniversary of the Soviet-Polish friendship treaty, reflected Moscow's concern over the turbulence of the past nine months. In Warsaw, meanwhile, the official press described Soviet economic aid as crucial in overcoming the country's problems.

The leading Soviet weekly Literaturnaya Gazeta, the organ of writers' union, in an article published in advance Tuesday by the accused "Western Zionists" of subversion against Poland. It was the first time such a charge had been made from Moscow during the Polish turmoil. Such charges were widely made in connection with the crisis in Czechoslovakia.

Bolivia Denies Arrest of Former President
The Associated Press

LA PAZ — The government denied Monday that it has arrested former President Alberto Natusch Busch but said former President Hernando Siles had agreed to remain on his ranch outside Santa Cruz.

Local press reports had said that Col. Natusch was detained in Interior Ministry and Gen. Banzer had been placed under house arrest for conspiring to overthrow the nine-month old regime of Gen. Garcia Meza.

Gen. Garcia Meza and Interior Minister Celso Torrello held a conference to deny those reports. Col. Natusch, who was present at a news conference, also denied that he had been organizing a coup Saturday, his family publicly denounced his arrest and said he was held in the military.

Saboteurs Destroy S. Africa Power Stations
United Press International

DURBAN, South Africa — Saboteurs using mines blew up two electrical substations in a black township early Tuesday, destroying the plant and leaving thousands without power, police said.

Brig. Gen. Johan van der Horst, security police chief for the Durban area, said no one was injured in the explosions. A police spokesman in Pretoria said it was too early to say if the sabotage was the work of members of the banned African National Congress but said an investigation was under way.

The group has conducted a sporadic campaign of sabotage against government installations for more than a decade. The most spectacular attack was on the Sasolburg oil refineries last year.

Karmal Acknowledges Conflicts With Rebels
The Associated Press

NEW DELHI — Afghan President Babrak Karmal, installed to a coup-backed coup 17 months ago, admitted in a newspaper interview published here Tuesday that Moslem rebels were battling his regime in areas of Afghanistan.

"We cannot say in which particular area the insurgents have control," Mr. Karmal was quoted as telling a journalist for the Indian Express. "They are in each area but in small groups of 5, 10, 20 or more. They are operating like highway robbers. They burn looting (trucks), kill people, kidnap young girls and kill even children."

Uganda Airlines Ordered to Cancel Flights
Reuters

KAMPALA — Uganda Airlines has canceled all flights until further notice on the order of Vice President Paulo Muwanga, airline employees said Tuesday.

The employees said that no reason was given for the order, and the government nor airline officials were available for comment. Other airlines, however, were still using Entebbe airport, 20 miles (30 kilometers) south of Kampala.

Uganda Airlines has one jet, which had been flying to Rome, Brno and London. Smaller aircraft went to Tanzania and Kenya and provided domestic services.

Rights Policy Should Vary With Regimes, Haig Says
(Continued from Page 1)

was not prepared "to see the world remade by others hostile to our deepest convictions."

"Our resistance to this aggression and our assistance to its victims constitute a defense of human rights that is the very basis of our foreign policy and our national interest," he said.

But, he said, "Let us be clear on one issue: the United States opposes the violation of human rights by ally or adversary, friend or foe. We are not going to pursue a policy of selective indignation."

The United States "must be discriminating" as to "the source of the violation" and the possible impact of any protest, he said. He then provided a distinction between authoritarian and totalitarian regimes.

"The totalitarian model unfortunately draws upon the resources of modern technology to impose its will on all aspects of a citizen's behavior," he said. "The totalitarian regimes tend to be intolerant at home and abroad, actively hostile to all we represent and ideologically resistant to political change."

Mr. Haig did not identify those countries, except to note that because of intolerance in their societies, there had been a massive number of refugees recently from

the Soviet Union, Cuba, Vietnam, Cambodia and Afghanistan.

"The authoritarian regime, by contrast, stems from a lack of political or economic development and normally reserves for itself authority in only a few politically sensitive areas," Mr. Haig said.

He said he was not praising authoritarian governments, but noting that they "are more open to change" than totalitarianism.

"It should be our objective to hold forth ourselves as a worthy imitation as that occurs and to help the evolution of authoritarian government toward more democratic form," Mr. Haig said.

American policy toward countries committing violations should be determined, he said, on the basis of whether the regime helps or hinders "international aggression and whether it is totalitarian or authoritarian." Mr. Haig said the United States should also consider the record and program of opposing the regime in question.

Dubai Hotel Blast Kills
Reuters

DUBAI, United Arab Emirates — Two hotel workers were killed and two injured by an explosion on the ninth floor of the Hyatt Regency Hotel here Monday night.

Tomorrow, Polarization of the region's countries on the issue of superpower presence.

French Release Drug Smuggler; Ill Health Cited

The Associated Press

PARIS — One of the major figures in the "French Connection" heroin-smuggling case was freed last week because of ill health, the French Justice Ministry reported.

Urban Giamme, 67, was sentenced to 20 years in prison in July, 1978, after being convicted of heading a ring that smuggled a ton of pure heroin into the United States between 1969 and 1974. The value of the heroin at that time was estimated at \$4 million.

The ministry did not disclose the nature of his illness, but there have been newspaper reports that Mr. Giamme is suffering from cancer. The release of prisoners for medical reasons is rare in France and occurs only if an inmate's condition is considered critical.

During Mr. Giamme's trial, prosecutors charged that he and Joseph Patrizi were the masterminds behind an international smuggling ring that shipped hundreds of pounds of heroin by boat from France, Spain and other European countries to various U.S. ports. The drugs were stashed in cars, furniture, refrigerators and other appliances.

Both denied any connection with the "French connection," which served as the title for a movie based on the case.

Cubans Release 4 U.S. Sailors

New York Times Service

HAVANA — Four American sailors seized Sunday when they strayed into Cuban waters during a motorboat ride have been released to U.S. officials.

The men, still carrying an ice chest full of beer, were released Monday afternoon. Wayne Smith, chief of the U.S. Interests Section here, reported that the four were "in excellent health and said they had been well treated by the Cubans."

All had been assigned to the landing ship Raleigh, which was docked at the naval base at Guantanamo Bay. According to Mr. Smith, the four had gone for an afternoon motorboat ride and "inadvertently strayed off the base."

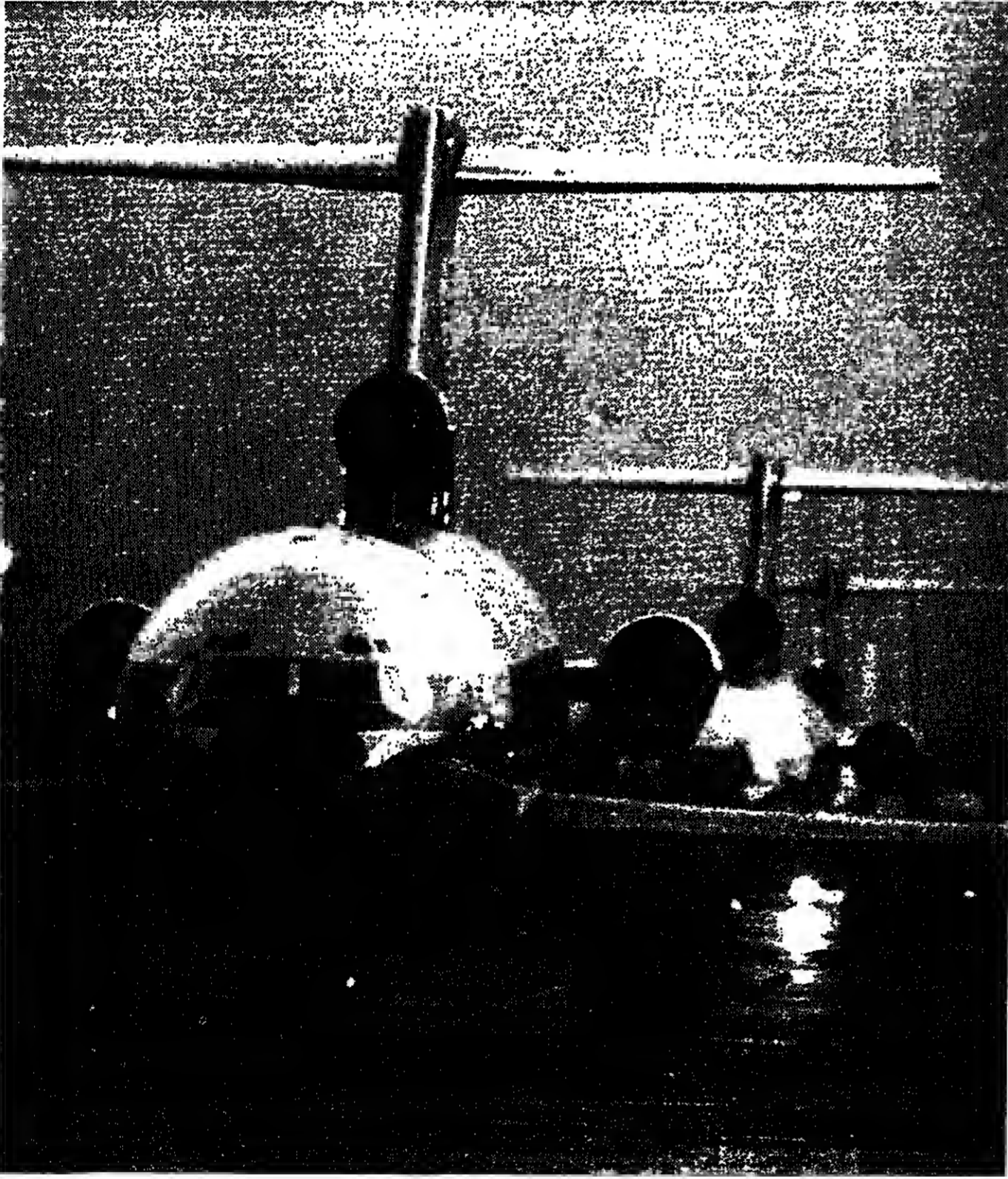
Rotterdam Refinery Fire

The Associated Press

ROTTERDAM — A small fire in an Esso refinery here has forced the shutdown of a portion of a crude-oil processor, an Esso spokesman said. The fire, which broke out Monday, was brought under control in 30 minutes and was not expected to affect the refinery's output.

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Handwritten signature or stamp: "Lufthansa"

مكثان النهر

U.S., Fearing Bias Toward Socialism, Studies World Bank

By Hobart Rowen
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Treasury has quietly commissioned a staff study to determine whether World Bank lending has encouraged socialist governments at the expense of private enterprise.

The study, directed by Beryl Sprinkel, undersecretary for monetary affairs, will also examine the policies of the International Monetary Fund and other agencies. But there are Socialist and Communist members of the World Bank, and it's all one.

Sprinkel said that it was "a concern about the huge lending program of the bank that led to an investigation before we argue that our activities should be ended a lot more."

There is some concern in this country that the World Bank is moving too rapidly, and we just want to take a hard look at how working out before we argue that our activities should be ended a lot more."

World Bank spokesman said, "We take a good look at us, and we're doing a lot of market-oriented things that would be approved by the Reagan government. But there are Socialist and Communist members of the World Bank, and it's all one."

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RESCUED — Liz Rocha, wearing helmet, is held out of the foaming waters of the Ottawa-Quebec River by the 17-year-old Boy Scout who jumped in to save her while others haul them onto shore. The incident occurred Saturday during a river raft race near Woodstock, Vt. Scout John Loftus spotted the Massachusetts woman floundering after her homemade raft overturned and she lost her life preserver. "On impulse, I jumped in after her," he said.

Congress, Courts Emphasizing 'Intent' Over 'Effects' as Proof of Discrimination

By Robert Pear
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Congress and the courts, in a subtle but important change, are moving toward re-emphasizing the need for blacks, Hispanic Americans and women to prove intentional discrimination in lawsuits alleging violations of civil rights.

Lawyers for minority groups and women generally prefer to use a test based on the effects, rather than the intent, of a given practice. While there are enough statistics to suggest that the effects of discrimination are being felt in fields such as housing, education, employment and voting, a discriminatory purpose is much more difficult to prove.

The controversy, which seems likely to dominate civil rights debates for several years, is often reduced to the shorthand of "intent" vs. "effects."

Owen M. Fiss, a law professor at Yale University, said that "if Congress had its choice, the conservative Congress today, I'm sure, would opt for the intent test rather than the effects test." Congress will have a choice as it debates extension of the Voting Rights Act, fair housing legislation and a remedy for employment discrimination against women and minorities.

Sen. Orrin G. Hatch, a Utah Republican who supports the more rigorous standard, said recently: "I don't see how you can brand the government or anybody else racist

Child Murders in Atlanta Could Divide City's Blacks in Election for Mayoralty

By Art Harris
Washington Post Service

ATLANTA — Andrew J. Young, former U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, two-term congressman and civil rights veteran, now come home to run for mayor, is one of eight candidates in a race in which the most explosive issue — the city's missing and murdered black children — is almost never discussed.

The alternative [talking about it] would be to put the police and the city on trial," Mr. Young said Sunday. "Our objective is to put the killer or killers on trial. No one can profit by second-guessing and drugstore quarterbacking."

With 24 black children and youths killed and another believed kidnapped, local police say they are no closer now to an arrest than nearly two years ago, when the murders began.

And some middle-class black leaders worry that because all the murder victims come from impoverished neighborhoods that the winning ticket has counted on for support in the past, the issue of the unsolved killings could turn poor blacks against those in power, or anyone associated with them, and make the race a free-for-all. Anyone, even a minority white candidate, might win.

"Ivory Tower Cop"

Two weeks ago, the murdered children came up at an NAACP forum where 50 black residents from DeKalb County, where some of the dead children have been found, turned out to grill police chief George Nappier, a Ph.D. criminologist with little practical experience whom some of his men refer to as Mayor Maynard Jackson's "ivory tower cop."

"If the number of dead children reaches 50 or 75, will you consider resigning?" asked Dwight Thomas, a lawyer for the National Association of Colored People. Two more bodies had just been retrieved from the Chattahoochee River.

"That question is too horrible to contemplate," snapped Mr. Nappier.

Yet it is the kind of question citizens and officials are beginning to ask: At what point will Mayor Jackson, to save his political reputation and his power to help appoint his successor, consider cutting loose the man running the investigation? Never, vows Mr. Jackson, who has endorsed Mr. Young.

"Just watch," predicted Mr. Thomas. "In his final days, Jackson [legally barred from running for a third term] will be struggling harder than Jimmy Carter trying to get the hostages out of Iran."

"They've got to make some kind of arrest; otherwise, heads are liable to roll. And if the cases aren't solved and the candidates are able to make Young defend Jackson, anyone who enjoys the label as heir to Maynard has had it."

Seeking Harmony

An interagency task force, separate from the Treasury study, is looking at how to assure that foreign aid programs — as distinct from lending through the World Bank, IMF and other development agencies — are brought into harmony with the objectives of the Reagan administration.

Mr. Sprinkel said that the Treasury study was triggered by "a general view in conservative circles" that the World Bank, by engaging in so much government-to-government lending, is encouraging some governments that are Socialist and reducing opportunities and "leverage" for private business.

"That would certainly be inconsistent with what the Reagan administration wants," Mr. Sprinkel said. "We're a major force in the IMF, and we expect to work to encourage those kinds of development banks that we think are proper, and that involve strengthening the private sector of [less developed nations] economies as well as our own."

He stressed that the basic function of the IMF is not being questioned by the administration. For example, the fund's role in helping member nations solve their economic troubles "is going to continue to be important, and we're going to continue to support that," he said. Concerns about the IMF relate instead to its recent decision to ease up on conditions for loans to poor countries, Mr. Sprinkel said.

If the Treasury study supports concerns about the World Bank and IMF, he Sprinkel said, "it doesn't mean that we pull out. What it means is that we exert leverage in the opposite direction — and that's where I think we'll be leaning."

Alitalia Flying Again

Alitalia Flights Resume
Reuters

Alitalia flights resumed Tuesday following a seven-day strike over a pay claim.

The airline said it would resume flights to Rome and from Italy. A pilot's union disruption from Rome but no other children.

Rome's two airports were hit by a 24-hour strike Tuesday, and traffic controllers said they would stop work for four hours on Monday and all day April 30 to honor pay claim, Alitalia said.

Reagan Nominates U.S. Envoy to Riyadh

United Press International

WASHINGTON — President Reagan has announced that he is nominating Robert Gerhard Neumann, vice chairman of Georgetown University's Center for Strategic Studies, to be ambassador to Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Neumann, 65 and a former ambassador to Afghanistan and Morocco, was director of Mr. Reagan's State Department transition team.

Mary Ingraham Is Dead in N.Y., Aided University

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Mary Shortwell Ingraham, 94, who is a member of New York City's Board of Higher Education directed planning that led to establishment of the City University of New York, died Thursday.

Mrs. Ingraham was a founder and former vice president of the United Service Organizations, established to help military personnel in World War II. For her USO work she received the medal for merit in 1946 from President Harry S. Truman. She was the first woman to receive the medal.

Mrs. Ingraham also was president of the national board of the Young Women's Christian Association from 1940 to 1946.

Sabit Orudzhov

MOSCOW (UPI) — The Soviet gas industry minister, Sabit Orudzhov, 68, died Monday, Tass reported. Mr. Orudzhov, who was born in Azerbaijan province, on the border with Iran, had been in charge of the Soviet Union's fast-growing production of natural gas since 1972 and had held leading posts in other energy-related ministries since 1955.

Carl S. Eli

NEWTON, Mass. (AP) — Carl S. Eli, 93, retired president of Northeastern University and a key figure in its development into the country's biggest private university, died Friday.

Pitman B. Potter
NEW YORK (NYT) — Pitman Benjamin Potter, 89, an early leader in the study of international organization and a former dean of the Graduate School of American University in Washington, died Friday.

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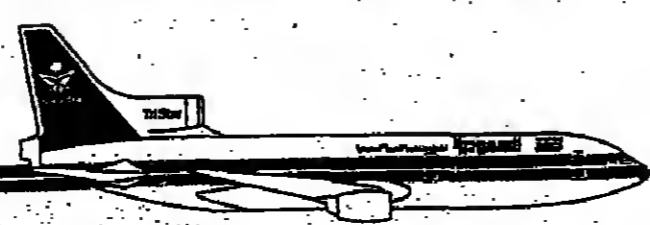
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Report Signals U.S. Shift on NATO Costs

(Continued from Page 1) States because of suspicion that "our allies just aren't there with us, especially outside Europe."

Juggling the Books

The Pentagon report, requested a year ago by Congress, clearly aims to halt this trend of reluctance, at least for the moment. It makes the point — already advanced in Mr. Haig's confirmation hearings — that Europe would provide the overwhelming bulk of NATO's combat troops and weaponry if war broke out in Europe.

The report also sifts what one analyst called "the creative book-keeping" involved in judging each nation's military effort. It acknowledges that burden-sharing should factor in nonmilitary expenses such as foreign aid used as security assistance, lost tax revenue (the equivalent of \$1 billion in West Germany, for example) and social costs associated with properly made available for U.S. military purposes, such as the hidden cost of a draft system which keeps young men out of the productive economy.

Using a complex formula — involving military spending as a percentage of gross domestic product, per capita military spending, armed forces manpower on active duty, active-plus-reserve manpower, combat aircraft and armor strength — the Pentagon makes a tentative ranking of countries. This gives a thorough look at allied performance, without producing any major surprises about the order in which countries emerge.

Good performers are France, although it is not a military member of NATO, it has a large defense budget, and the Netherlands, which has extensive trained reserve manpower. West Germany heads the group of countries described as making contributions slightly below full equity. Others in this category are Italy, Belgium and Norway.

The Social Costs

On West Germany — whose importance puts it at the heart of the NATO-funding debate — the study acknowledges Bonn's large subsidies to West Berlin. But it says these costs should not be counted until Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's government drops its financial objections to NATO's accelerated base-improving program sought by the United States and other NATO allies since the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Other northern European countries, the report acknowledges, contribute military and civilian infrastructure and thereby incur social costs. But the report says that these countries with strong pacifist elements find themselves inhibited politically in allocating additional resources to military spending and away from social programs, particularly in a recession.

As Sen. Biden pointed out, "nations in this group account for only 10 percent of total Alliance population, but they contribute disproportionately to the American tendency to perceive the Allies as insufficiently committed to the common defense."

Further, the report praises some countries which are rarely mentioned in cost-sharing debates.

Britain and the southern flank countries — Turkey, Greece and Portugal — head the list for military effort because of their economic problems. But Britain has just announced a military-spending review that is expected to reduce its expenditure.

Criticized for doing too little are Canada, Denmark and, above all, Japan, the only non-NATO country examined: all are said to be doing far less than their fair shares or what they are capable of. The United States has strongly urged an acceleration of planned Japanese military improvements, particularly in anti-aircraft, anti-submarine and anti-mine warfare to free U.S. seapower for the Gulf.

Guarding the Oil

The report acknowledges that the United States — which contributes 55 percent of NATO expenditures plus what it spends in non-European theaters — ought to do proportionately more than its allies because it is the country with the greatest influence.

Burden-sharing has become an increasingly contentious issue as European economies have overtaken U.S. financial power. U.S. officials argue that Europe must contribute to the defense of Gulf oil, either by direct participation or by taking up slack in Europe. Many Europeans have resisted extra efforts, citing economic recession, inflation, soaring military costs, unemployment, oil bills. Many accuse the United States of exaggerating the Soviet threat.

The report says that the United States, which neglected its defenses in the 1970s, is now hounding Europe, which, steadily beefed up its military capabilities during that decade.

The Pentagon report suggests that the pendulum may be swinging toward more consensus.

To compensate for American military installations in Southwest Asia, the report says, the United States is negotiating for increased payments from allied oil-consumers for U.S. troops and facilities on their soil.

The report said that a satisfactory "split" of these costs was emerging between the United States and its allies, especially West Germany. Other nations involved are

Longest Tunnel Has Long Lines

LUCERNE, Switzerland — Swiss newspapers have complained that the world's longest road tunnel failed its first traffic test. The papers said lines of stretched for 6 kilometers (miles) at the St. Gotthard pine tunnel during the trial weekend. The 16-kilometer tunnel opened last September cost \$414 million to build. Police, however, blamed delays on motorists who did too slowly.

Britain, the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg and Japan. This could help offset a U.S. provision that the United States bearing the brunt of a one-third division of labor with its allies. The Gulf. Only France — has an impressive fleet at the S of Hormuz — and Britain ready to participate there.

Undermining U.S. Credibility

Sen. Biden, for example, told audience: "I can't tell my constituents that Europeans cannot afford to pay more, now that the United States is no longer first, but fifth, in national income per capita in NATO."

In the current issue of Foreign Affairs magazine, Prof. David Collier, a U.S. analyst, suggests placing several U.S. divisions NATO with European troops. He says the balance-of-payments burden that he maintains has fed inflation and undermined U.S. military credibility worldwide.

European analysts such as Jonathan Alford, deputy director of London's International Institute of Strategic Studies, told the Atlantic conference that any withdrawal of U.S. troops in the present international atmosphere could shake European confidence in alliance.

Other European participants including West Germany's NA Ambassador Hans Georg Wehler argued that no financial guidelines to burden-sharing are realistic because they ignore the political in which each government assumes West Germany, he said, already bears a disproportionate burden in that it has the largest cooption of nuclear and conventional weapons on its territory.

The report previews the Reagan approach as giving more latitude to the allies to avoid strident criticism about alleged NAT-free-riders.

6 Dead in Peru Quake

LIMA — Six persons were killed and hundreds of homes were destroyed in an earthquake that shook the southern Peruvian province of Ayacucho, authorities said Monday.

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U.S. Navy Assumes Liability for Sub's Sinking of Freighter

By Richard Halloran
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Secretary of the Navy John F. Lehman Jr. has announced that the Navy has accepted liability for the sinking of a Japanese merchant ship after a collision with a U.S. nuclear submarine.

The accident occurred on April 9 when the George Washington, the first U.S. submarine to carry nuclear ballistic missiles, and the Nissho Maru, a Japanese freighter carrying cotton, collided in the East China Sea.

The captain and the first mate of the freighter were lost at sea while the rest of the 15-man crew spent 18 hours in life rafts before being rescued. They claimed that the 6,000-ton submarine surfaced but left the scene almost immediately. The sub is currently in Guam.

Mr. Lehman's statement said the Navy had accepted liability in order "to preclude lengthy litigation and permit the Navy to enter promptly into negotiations with all involved parties."

Uproar in Japan

Japanese lawyers have advised the Navy, officials said, that total claims may come to \$4.2 million, including compensation for the 1,350-ton Nissho Maru, its 1,200 tons of cotton, and claims made by survivors and relatives of the lost crew.

Lebanon Says China Unwilling to Give Aid

Beirut

BEIRUT — Cambodia's former prime minister, Prince Norodom Ranariddh, said Tuesday that China is not yet willing to grant him military aid he received as a condition for heading an anti-Vietnamese united front in his home country.

Sihanouk said that he and his wife, Chao's foreign minister, had spent 2 1/2 hours of Monday that China was not to "solve practical problems with him."

The prince said at a news conference that the Chinese hoped he would form a united front as early as possible, but that they were not discussing his request for aid for his personal forces in the Thai-Cambodian border region.

He said he was also trying to get U.S. aid but was not optimistic about the outcome.

Sihanouk, who arrived in Cambodia three days ago from exile in Korea, said he planned to meet a second round of talks with ousted, pro-Chinese Khmer Rouge leader Khieu Samphan earlier this month in Pyongyang, Korea, ended in disagreement between Khieu Samphan and the prince's condition — withdrawal — that all Cambodian forces be disbanded in the event of a Vietnamese withdrawal from the country.

Sindona Guilty Of Jumping Bail In Fraud Case

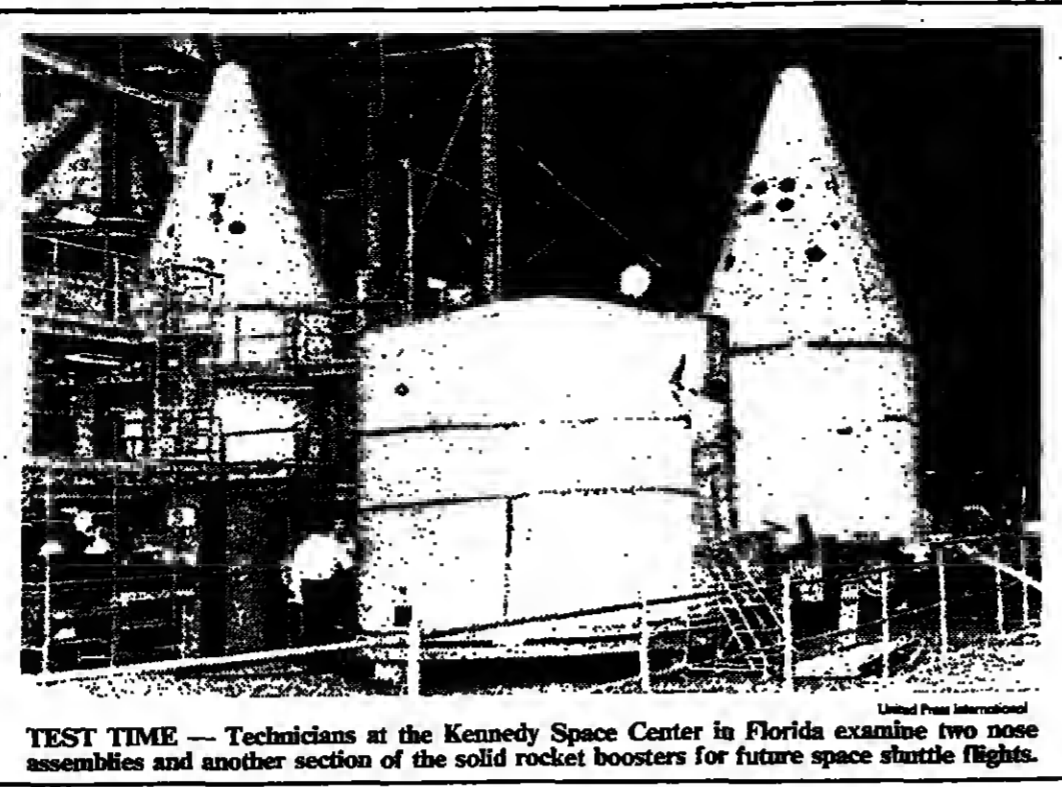
Reuters

NEW YORK — The Italian financier Michele Sindona was convicted Monday of having jumped bail to avoid trial on bank fraud charges, on which he was eventually sentenced to prison for 25 years. Sentencing on the new charge was set for June 1.

Mr. Sindona, 60, disappeared on Aug. 2, 1979, just before he was to be tried on charges of swindling the Franklin National Bank of millions of dollars. The Long Island institution, which he owned, collapsed in 1974 in the biggest bank failure in U.S. history.

He reappeared three months later, asserting that he had been kidnapped by extremists interested in getting material to be used against prominent members of Italy's ruling Christian Democratic Party. The FBI said he was not kidnapped but had fled the United States to avoid prosecution.

The fraud trial followed, and Mr. Sindona was convicted and sentenced to 25 years.



TEST TIME — Technicians at the Kennedy Space Center in Florida examine two nose assemblies and another section of the solid rocket boosters for future space shuttle flights.

SEC Official Reportedly Has CIA Post

By Philip Taubman
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Stanley Sporkin, who for the last seven years has directed investigations of corporate dishonesty as chief of enforcement at the Securities and Exchange Commission, has been appointed general counsel of the Central Intelligence Agency, according to Reagan administration officials.

The unexpected appointment, which has not been formally announced but is scheduled to become effective in mid-May, is likely to generate controversy in the intelligence community because of Mr. Sporkin's long-standing identification with openness in business and government.

As senior legal officer of the CIA, the general counsel is the government's leading intelligence lawyer and plays a central role in intelligence policymaking.

The CIA general counsel, officials said, is often asked to review the legal ramifications of agency operations and to provide formal justification for withholding certain intelligence information from other government agencies or the public.

Studies Say U.S. Parties Important to Candidates

By Adam Clymer
New York Times Service

CINCINNATI — Voters in the United States may increasingly find political parties irrelevant, but the parties can survive anyway by providing essential services to candidates, studies presented at the annual meeting of the Midwest Political Science Association have suggested.

Robert W. Biersack and Patricia Haeuser, fellows at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, argued last week that it was clear that parties would continue to become less important if they relied "on the psychological attachment of voters as their source of strength," a view supported in other papers emphasizing continuing declines in public partisanship.

Efforts by Republicans

But they questioned the widely held view that increasing use of television, direct mail and other techniques by which candidates reach voters without the help of traditional party machinery must lead to party decline. Instead, they suggested, the high capital costs involved in computers and television and the continuing expertise required for campaign accounting and training campaign workers both provided opportunities that some state parties had used to re-establish their political significance.

Much of the evidence of this sort of activity showed that Republicans had done more of it than had the Democrats. M. Margaret Conway, associate professor of government and politics at the University of Maryland, found the Republican National Committee's efforts in recent years had provided chiefly indirect help to local and state parties "through skill development among party activists."

Even this kind of support had long-range importance, argued Malcolm Jewell, professor of political science at the University of Kentucky, who said "the Republicans, in this mass proliferation of aid and computers and so forth, may eventually have an enormous impact on the activity of state Republican parties, while Democratic computers are financed by people holding little tin cups outside the headquarters."

Mr. Jewell was commenting on the presentation of another study that argued that state and local political parties were stronger and more active than was generally believed and had been growing stronger in recent years.

The study warned that greater institutional strength — as measured by staff, budget, organization and a variety of political activities conducted by the 54 state party organizations examined — did not necessarily translate into political effectiveness. But it said it was reasonable to expect some connection between the two.

The paper contended that while nonparty forces, such as political action committees, had played an important role in the 1980 presidential election, so had state party organizations, at least on the Republican side.

Whatever the long-term impact of these party activities in the future, other studies re-emphasized the declining sense of party identification among American voters. Professors Helmut Norpoth of the State University of New York at Stony Brook and Jerrold G. Rusk of the University of Arizona examined a decline from 75 percent identifying with a party in the 1952-64 period to only 63 percent in 1976.

They found that new voters were entering the electorate at even higher levels of independence from party identification than before, and that this proclivity was no longer being compensated for by older voters shifting from independence to partisanship.

Scientist Warns Against Supplies Of Interferon

United Press International

ROTTERDAM — A Finnish scientist involved in the production of interferon warned patients and their families Tuesday against accepting bogus supplies of the cancer drug.

Prof. Kari Cantell of the Central Public Health Laboratory in Helsinki, the world's major producer of interferon, said scientists were at a critical stage of the drug's development and that doctors were not sure how to use it or when.

"I know very little about the black market supply, but I have had very many people — both doctors and patients — come to my laboratory with small quantities that they have bought for incredible prices," Prof. Cantell said.

"I don't know where they buy it or what it really is. I have never tested any, so I don't even know whether it really does contain interferon of any kind. It is unbelievable that some scientists are prepared to profit from the publicity surrounding interferon and to use the fears of cancer patients to make money."

Bonn Acts to Ban 'Mein Kampf' In New Restrictions on Neo-Nazis

United Press International

BONN — The federal government, acting 36 years after Adolf Hitler's death, announced Tuesday that it is drawing up legislation to ban his book "Mein Kampf."

Justice Minister Juergen Schmude said that because of a loophole in laws banning Nazi activity it still is legal to publish and sell the book in which Hitler outlined his theories of the German master race fit to dominate the world.

Mr. Schmude told the metalworkers' union newspaper that new legislation cracking down on neo-Nazis is being drawn up and should be ready for submission to parliament soon.

He said the new law will ban not only the publication of new Nazi propaganda, but old Nazi propaganda circulated in the guise of historical works as well.

"For example, at the present time it is legal to publish a new edition of Hitler's 'Mein Kampf,'" he said. "But if a new foreword is written for it, then it is punishable."

The new law also would provide for action against what he called the "Auschwitz lies." Mr. Schmude said neo-Nazis are free to state that reports of the extermination of Jews by the Nazis in World War II are lies. The new law will make people who make such statements liable to prosecution, he said.

Mr. Schmude expressed concern over a recent survey that said 13 percent of West Germans have extreme rightist opinions. He said the survey confirms his belief that the extreme rightist movement is stronger than its public actions would show.

U.S. High Court Weakens Law on Mentally Retarded

By Linda Greenhouse
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Supreme Court has ruled that a federal "bill of rights" for the mentally retarded, enacted by Congress six years ago, did not obligate states to provide any particular level of care or training for retarded people in state institutions.

The 6-3 decision Monday reversed key portions of a federal court ruling in Pennsylvania under which the Pennhurst State School was effectively placed under court management. The U.S. Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit had ruled that the 1,200 residents of the state institution were being deprived of their right to treatment under the least restrictive setting possible.

The appellate court interpreted that right to include a presumption in favor of release from the institution and treatment in small community facilities.

While Monday's decision left some aspects of the appellate court's ruling unresolved, the high court substantially limited the usefulness of the 1975 law as a judicial tool for restructuring state care of the retarded.

The decision is likely to affect pending litigation around the country, including lawsuits by advocates for the retarded against New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. All three states had joined Pennsylvania in urging the high court to reverse the Third Circuit's decision.

The Developmentally Disabled Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 1975 channeled \$65 million to states for care of the retarded last year. When the Pennhurst case was brought as a class action lawsuit by family members of residents of the institution, the plaintiffs did not invoke the 1975 law and won their case in U.S. District Court on other grounds.

But the appeals court based its affirmation of the trial court's ruling on the bill of rights, concluding that, at least as a condition of the receipt of federal funds, states were required to provide the specified rights.

Writing for the majority Monday, Associate Justice William H. Rehnquist disagreed. The law, he said, "simply does not create substantive rights," but "does no more than express a congressional preference for certain kinds of treatment."

Manila Election June 16

United Press International

MANILA — President Ferdinand E. Marcos has signed a bill setting June 16 as the date of the first presidential election in 12 years. It will follow a 52-day campaign period, the government radio announced Tuesday.

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El Salvador Seeking More U.S. Weapons

By Loren Jenkins
Washington Post Service

SAN SALVADOR — Despite previous insistence that El Salvador has all the military equipment it needs from the United States, President Jose Napoleon Duarte has made a pitch for additional U.S. arms, including helicopters.

Mr. Duarte, the civilian head of El Salvador's governing junta, said, however, that his country would continue to oppose the introduction here of any foreign combat troops, regardless of nationality.

Speaking after a 1½-hour meeting with U.S. Rep. Robert K. Dornan, a Republican from California, Mr. Duarte said that he urged the congressman to help El Salvador obtain needed additional military and economic aid.

"I told the congressman that we need more military equipment to get the capacity to control our country," Mr. Duarte said. "We need more military equipment, including more helicopters, and the means to protect them."

for the \$62 million in economic aid given to El Salvador by Washington but said the country needed between \$200 million and \$300 million.

Mr. Duarte brushed aside charges of government foot-dragging in its investigations of the murders of six U.S. citizens here since December and said that the arrest last week of two Salvadorans in one of the cases was a significant breakthrough.

He confirmed U.S. reports that his government had succeeded in linking two prominent Salvadorans to the gangland-style slaying in January of two U.S. agricultural advisers and their Salvadoran host. But he stopped short of saying that Hans Christ, arrested by the FBI on a Salvadoran request last week in Miami, and Ricardo



Jose Napoleon Duarte

Sol Meza, arrested here April 4, would be charged with murder in the case. He said the actual charges were up to the courts and that others were involved.

Exile Training in Florida Angers Nicaraguan Junta

By Jo Thomas
New York Times Service

HAVANA — The attitude of the Reagan administration has brought relations between Nicaragua and the United States to a "very delicate" point, Daniel Ortega Saavedra, a member of the Nicaraguan junta, said in Havana.

Mr. Ortega, who has been attending a meeting here of the World Council for Peace and who was the guest of President Fidel Castro at celebrations Sunday night marking the 20th anniversary of the Cuban victory at the Bay of Pigs, was particularly critical of the training of Nicaraguan exiles at camps in Florida.

The Nicaraguan government, he said at a news conference for Cuban and U.S. journalists, had recently sent a note of protest to Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and had discussed the matter with the U.S. ambassador in Managua.

The U.S. response, he said, was "that this is legal in the United States because they're training on private property." He added that he had been told that it would be illegal if these groups were to leave armed to invade Nicaragua.

Honduras Base Alleged

"But how would the American government react," he asked, "if suddenly in Nicaragua, where there is private property, it should occur to some ranch owner to loan his property to train Puerto Ricans to fight for the independence of their country?"

Mr. Ortega charged that armed

groups, including former members of the Nicaraguan National Guard, have a base in Honduras near the Nicaraguan border with a "line of communication that passes through Guatemala and has a central headquarters in Miami."

Invaders have attacked teachers in the Nicaraguan literacy program, killing seven and raping more than 15, he said, and have killed more than 60 others, including members of the militia.

Nicaragua does not intend to pursue these attackers into Honduras, Mr. Ortega said, because that is what "some members of the Honduras military would like, to provoke a war and justify foreign intervention."

He said his government was worried because "Mr. Haig, less than a week ago, said in Madrid that the last chapter had not been written yet in Nicaragua."

"Parents of Dictatorship"

"We have insisted many times on the need for a real dialogue with the United States, a dialogue of respect," Mr. Ortega said. "Up to now, what we find in the United States with the current administration is an attitude that is disrespectful to our people and our government."

He contended that Nicaraguans of all political persuasions condemned the Reagan administration's decision to suspend aid to Nicaragua.

The Americans, he said, had been "the parents of the Somoza dictatorship, and now they're telling us they'll give us aid if we behave ourselves."

Tax Dunning Italian Style: Spotlighting the Suspects

By Paul Hofmann
International Herald Tribune

ROME — The finance minister held up three fat red volumes containing 200,000 names and many 10-digit figures, and told reporters: "Give them some negative publicity. But make sure you don't call them tax dodgers — all them presumed tax dodgers."

Finance Minister Franco Reviglio, whose icy courtesy masks a good deal of stubbornness, was launching the latest psychological offensive in an unending struggle between the fiscal bureaucracy and Italians at large, who hate nothing as much as giving money to the government.

It is a conflict that has been going on as long as did the Punic Wars. Maybe a computerized Scipio will eventually rout Italy's reluctant taxpayers with an all-enveloping maneuver and force them to square up to the last lira, but that day seems remote.

Rome's internal revenue center long ago bought an advanced U.S. data processing system but lacks the programmers and know-how to make it do the job. Successive government campaigns in the fiscal war all too often are bogged down in skirmishes with rear guards of quibbling tax lawyers while the new electronic weapons are in position but do not work.

Good Reading

Mr. Reviglio's three-volume Red Book, listing high-money Italians who were found to have not paid enough taxes, or none at all, is designed to win over the public — more specifically, wage earners who cannot evade their obligations toward the government because of the automatic deductions from their pay envelopes.

The names and the accompanying amounts in millions and billions of lire in unpaid taxes that the press gleaned from the Red Book made good reading, at least for a couple of days.

There was Sofia Scicolone, better known as Sophia Loren, said to have failed to file an income tax return in a year when she earned nearly \$1 million. There were many other popular entertainers, artists, film directors and television personalities. There were prominent and obscure business executives, industrialists, professional people, merchants and landowners.

Italians were particularly intrigued by the names of unknown fellow citizens in the Red Book who had huge tax arrears based on allegedly enormous earnings from undisclosed sources.

Among the biggest fish caught in the fiscal dragnet was one Pietro Mazza, 30, whose parents live modestly in a dusty village in the deep South. Described as a student who lives in Rome, or maybe in

Switzerland, the mysterious Mr. Mazza was reported to have some \$8 million in a few years without paying any income tax. He has become a folk hero.

The newspapers were quick to point out that among the 200,000 in the three red volumes there was not a single politician. Yet officials of various parties, members of Parliament, government ministers, even a head of state — former President Giovanni Leone, who was forced to resign under a cloud of suspicion in 1978 — were brushed by the chain of corruption scandals that has been clanking across the Italian scene for many years.

One might conclude that charges of bribes or other illegal profits had all been slanderous, or

that the rotten politicians had reported everything to the revenues and paid up — or, just possibly, that Italy's fiscal sleuths lack the clout to investigate the political establishment.

Mr. Reviglio wears the square eyeglasses that have become the badge of systems analysts and technocrats. He is an expert backed by the Socialist Party, but has no political base of his own — hardly the most favorable position for taking on the country's formidable political factions.

Browsing in the Red Book, one makes another discovery: most of the data refers to 1974 or 1975, only some to 1976 or 1977. In other words, fiscal probes have really caught up only with tax re-

turns filed — or not filed — six years ago. Meanwhile, the Italian currency has been eroded by two-digit inflation, and big earners may have piled up even bigger profits or gone broke, or have moved to the Bahamas.

Admittedly, it's not easy in Italy to prove that someone is a lira billionaire. Only the operatives of the kidnapping industry always seem to have sure knowledge as to where there is hidden wealth and where record ransoms can be extorted.

True enough, Form 740 — the individual income tax return — cunningly asks taxpayers to indicate how many private aircraft, yachts, country villas and hunting lodges they own. Such information is supposed to supply clues to affluence. However, practically no-

body fills in this schedule in a country where even the Rolls Royces in which tycoons ride are formally the property of Liechtenstein-registered corporations.

Virtually all the people in the Red Book have appealed the assessments and the appeals are still pending. Usually 10 to 15 years are needed for review commissions on three levels to consider tax appeals. It may be 1990 before the government manages to make the \$8-million assessment of Mr. Mazza's amazing earning power stick.

The finance minister has introduced a bill that would allow the government to start criminal proceedings on charges of tax fraud even before the review is concluded, and maybe even to take suspected tax evaders into custody. However, this so-called "handcuff bill" is hung up in Parliament.

Agata Sapiezna of Naples, a 34-year-old mother of two, need not worry too much about being arrested under the proposed "handcuff" legislation. Her name is in the Red Book with a note that she owes the government 1,000 lire (93 cents) because she underreported her income for 1975. "All this doesn't seem very serious," Mrs. Sapiezna, whose name means wisdom, observed.

Prominent Writer Criticized in China

By Michael Weisskopf
Washington Post Service

PEKING — In what is seen as a danger signal to Chinese intellectuals, a well-known writer has been strongly criticized over his screenplay for a banned film that portrays the political persecution of an artist during the Cultural Revolution.

The military's influential newspaper, Liberation Army Daily, accused writer Bai Hua of trying to blacken the image of the nation, Mao and the Chinese Communist Party in his screenplay for the controversial movie "Unrequited Love."

The film was shown to party officials and a few Western journalists late last year and was quickly withdrawn after the Central Committee published new guidelines requiring artists and writers to tone down their criticism of Mao in order to produce works that serve the Socialist cause.

Observers point out, however, that Mr. Bai, an Army member who has written numerous plays, novels and volumes of poetry, probably will escape further punishment. A passage in the article calls on him to correct his thinking and devote himself to work that benefits the nation.

Unrequited Patriotism

The newspaper accuses him of showing contempt for his country and party by writing the movie story of an oil painter who left pre-Communist China for the United States, where he found wealth and fame. Returning home after the Communist takeover, the artist, who once was filled with patriotism, suffers during the Cultural Revolution of the 1960s and 1970s.

One movie scene the army paper found especially offensive took place during the Cultural Revolution, when the artist, despite being

persecuted by Red Guards, tried to talk his daughter out of leaving China, giving her a lecture on patriotism. In the emotional climax of the film, the daughter replies, "You love your motherland. But does your motherland love you?"

"The author is saying that the new society is not as good as the old society, that the Communist Party is not as good as the [defeated] Nationalist Party, that Socialism is not as good as capitalism and that the Socialist motherland not only has nothing to love, but is frightening," the army paper said.

Official Assails Writers

PEKING (Reuters) — China's leading cultural official Tuesday attacked writers who he said refused to recognize the leadership of the Communist Party.

A People's Daily article by Zhou Yang, chairman of the China Federation of Literary and Art Circles, criticized the "liberal tendencies" of writers who heeded their consciences rather than the party. The story followed the detouring of two political activists and the publication Monday of the attack on Mr. Bai.

[Xu Wenli, editor of the defunct magazine "April Fifth Forum," and a colleague, Yang Jing, were said by Chinese and foreign sources to have been arrested April 10. The Associated Press reported Sunday. Charges against the two were not made public.]

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Wine

South African Producer Makes Cabernet by Sea

By Joseph Lelyveld
New York Times Service

STELLENBOSCH, South Africa — The new wing of Nico Myburgh's house was built in 1776, which was 83 years after the old wing. The seven generations of Myburghs who preceded him here all made wine, but none, it seems, got fancy ideas about the wine maker's art.

Their artistic impulses found expression in their house — called Meerlust — a graceful example of Cape Dutch architecture set between mountains and sea with the flat top of Cape Town's Table Mountain framed perfectly and deliberately in the upper half of its front portal.

The early generations of Myburghs were slaveholders who grazed cattle and sheep and grew wheat as well as grapes. The wine was always white and not always very good.

Nico Myburgh — Nico is short for Nicolaas — was the first of his line to think of making red wine. The finest South African wines are mostly reds. The domestic market for the best wines was growing rapidly and, besides, Myburgh wanted to show up local wine savants who said a decent red couldn't be produced at his property.

"These powers that be told me I was stupid and mad to try," said Myburgh, who last year carried off an ornate silver trophy as South Africa's "best wine maker of the year" for his cabernet sauvignon, which, inevitably, bears the estate name Meerlust.

Myburgh's success is not unique. South Africa's best wines are universally judged to be getting better and, despite the resistance they sometimes have to overcome in foreign markets because of the country's racial policies, they are starting to find their way abroad.

In South Africa, the local lore was that cabernets had to be grown in the mountains. Meerlust, not quite four miles from the coast, was thought to be too near the sea. Local lore also had it that it was an insult to a good cabernet to blend it with another wine. When a cabernet was blended, invariably with an inferior wine, the aim wasn't to enhance its qualities but to lower the cost of production.

Similarities With Bordeaux

Myburgh, who had traveled in Bordeaux, knew that it was not exactly unheard of for great red wines to be produced near the sea. He also thought he saw some similarity between the rocky soil of Meerlust, with its marked clay content, and the soil of some of the French vineyards he visited. Finally, he asked himself why he couldn't produce wines for blending that would add refinement and bouquet to the cabernet, which was naturally heavy and robust.

Now when he leads guests to his cellar, he has four vintages of cabernet sauvignon to offer for tasting, the oldest of which are just reaching maturity. He also has a promising pinot noir that will be released later this year. But his pride is in a mellow merlot and a cabernet franc, with a pleasing suggestion of woodiness, that he has grown for blending. Last year's blend will be the first to go to the public, in about two years.

Pieter Beyers, export director of Oude Meesters Cellars in Stellenbosch, says a little more than 20 percent of the country's wine production now goes overseas. Beyers thinks the proportion could grow to 50 percent in the next five years. Exports to the United States are still comparatively low, but the marketing strategists believe they now have a foothold.

It still goes without saying here that the growers and managers in the Cape wine industry are all white and that the laborers are mostly the descendants of the 18th-century slave population who make up a portion of the population of mixed race known traditionally as coloreds.

On the farms, labor practices seem to range from the feudal to enlightened paternalism. It would be nice to believe that enlightened wine making has something to do with enlightened labor relations. Support for such a hypothesis is not altogether lacking in the Cape, where two of the most accomplished wine makers have done as much to improve the lot of their workers as they have their cabernets.

One is a former rugby star, Jan Boland Coetzee, who had charge, until recently, of the Kanonkop Estate here. Another is Sydney Back, whose Backsberg Estate in Paarl has been described by John Platter, a local wine critic, as a "model South African wine estate."

The starting wage for an unskilled laborer at Backsberg is about \$30 a week. Back's wage levels are thought to be at least 30 percent above normal. In addition, he runs a kind of company store that sells meat and eggs to the workers at well below cost.

Myburgh, who has 54 families amounting to about 380 people living on his farm, hasn't thought of leaving and doesn't speak of change. "My family has been here for eight generations," he said, "and my foreman's family has been here for five. That's something that I'm proud of, not only that my family has been here for generations but my staff."

The Souvenir Business

Royal Wedding Brings Tidal Wave of Kitsch

By William Borders
New York Times Service

LONDON — Is it beneath the royal dignity to have the faces of Prince Charles and Lady Diana Spencer peering out from souvenir T-shirts?

Yes, says the Lord Chamberlain, struggling against a swelling flood of bad taste in royal wedding souvenirs. No, says Britain's hard-pressed textile industry, eager for the new business. And their rancorous dispute is spreading across the realm.

The argument over the T-shirts reflects a general and bemused concern in Britain over the rapid commercialization of the July 29 wedding, which the chairman of the English Tourist Board estimates will be worth more than \$400 million to Britain, a large part of it in souvenir sales.

Range of Merchandise

Already, shops are filling with a dazzling array of gimcracks and gewgaws, ranging from plastic Prince of Wales pencil sharpeners, available at Woolworths at 74 cents, to life-size stoneware statues produced by Wedgwood for \$4,600. Most of them carry some sort of picture of the bride and groom, although, as The Guardian sniffed in an editorial the other day, the likenesses are often inexact.

"The casual foreign visitor," it said, "inspecting some of the wares oozing congregating in the shop windows, might be forgiven for supposing that we were preparing to celebrate the wedding of Miss Bo Derek to the late Count Dracula, so marvelously haphazard are the artist's im-

pressions which some 'artists' are providing."

It was an attempt to achieve some standards and preserve a few scraps of royal decorum that prompted the Lord Chamberlain's three-page declaration announcing that "the Queen has been pleased to approve a temporary relaxation of the rules governing the commercial use of royal photographs" for the wedding festivities.

Royal Guidelines

The Lord Chamberlain, a royal appointee who runs Queen Elizabeth's household, said that to qualify for the privilege, souvenirs had to be "of a permanent kind, free from any form of advertisement" and had to be in good taste.

Except for wall hangings and head scarves, he decreed, no photographs should appear on textiles, presumably because of the undignified possibilities in juxtaposing a royal visage and a common body.

But the British textile industry, which is going through one of its worst slumps ever, was incensed, especially because of the competition from foreign manufacturers, who feel no compulsion to follow Buckingham Palace rules. Charles and Diana T-shirts made in Pakistan and the United States are already on sale in London.

"This is an intolerable situation," said Greville Janner, a member of Parliament representing Leicester, a depressed textile center. "There is a great deal of anger in Leicester. People do not regard the use of these pictures as anything other than an affect-



A souvenir goblet.

ionate and totally harmless gesture."

Like the monarchy itself, the Lord Chamberlain has little real legal power, and British T-shirt manufacturers could simply ignore his directive. But respect for the crown and for what the queen wants is firmly rooted in this society, and oo ooe likes to seem to be offending it.

The first step was an appeal to the palace, backed by 70 members of Parliament and the textile workers' union, to reconsider the rules. The Lord Chamberlain's answer was to suggest that, instead of royal portraits, the T-shirts bear, for example, a picture of St. Paul's Cathedral.

Unsatisfied, a member of Parliament named Michael Meacher, who represents an industrial area near Liverpool, has appealed to the trade minister to "sort out this nonsense and return some sanity to a heaven-sent opportunity to help our desperately beleaguered industry."

He is seeking a government statement pointing out that there is no legal or statutory force behind the Lord Chamberlain's decree and recommending that the textile industry "give it the blind eye it deserves."

Charles and Diana mugs are among tidal wave of kitsch engulfing the royal wedding.



'Lili Marleen' Strikes a Hollow Note

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss
International Herald Tribune

PARIS — "Lili Marleen," the doleful ballad that German soldiers chanted on their marches in World War II, is the title and the theme song of Rainer Werner Fassbinder's new film.

The history of the vagrant melody that swept across the front lines during the African campaign to be echoed by the British has been told in a documentary with the Irish dramatist Denis Johnston as narrator.

Of World War I origin, the song was recorded by the Norwegian chanteuse Lale Andersen in Berlin in 1937 and proved a dud. But in 1941, when the Germans occupied Belgrade, it was broadcast again and again to the troops due to the shortage of available records. It caught on and was soon a favorite of both the Germans and the Allies. Among those who have sung it since are Marlene Dietrich, Edith Piaf and Bing Crosby, and it is as familiar to Americans as "Sweet Adeline" and of like proclivities in inducing listeners to weep into their beer.

Fassbinder has taken the premise of the song's spreading popularity to spin a far-fetched yarn about a songstress whose renditions of it bring it fame and elevate her to an honored station in the Third Reich.

Her Swiss Jewish beau is engaged in rescuing victims of Hitler's persecutions and for his mission enters Germany with a false passport. The lovers have hurried meetings, but he is arrested and tortured, a strict rule of B-picture dramaturgy. Both survive, but a postwar epilogue discloses that their reunion sadly comes too late.

This troubled romance, singularly contrived and mechanical, has been inflated to epic proportions. It is crowded with production numbers of bombardments and Nazi fetes and, though of sizable bulk and lengthy footage, has empty-barrel hollowness despite its gaudy spectacle and noisemaking.

Hanna Schygulla impersonates the adored singer. She — perhaps intentionally — is without a trace of glamour, providing pictorially an honest characterization of a minor nightclub siren who receives the fatherland's homage. Giancarlo Giannini, the Italian actor, is miscast as the underground agent, being dubbed into German, and there is Mel Ferrer in white wig as the stern papa opposed to a marriage below his son's social position. (At the Gaumont Colisee, the Hautefeuille and La Pagode in German.)

Sylvester Stallone, on leave of absence from his customary role of Rocky, has temporarily hung up the gloves and joined the police in



Hanna Schygulla singing "Lili Marleen" in Fassbinder's film.

"Nighthawks." As one of New York's finest, it is his duty to drag to the station house the muggers who infest the city's lonely streets after dark. When a veteran English Interpol chief arrives to recruit anti-terrorist agents Stallone is tapped to bag bigger game.

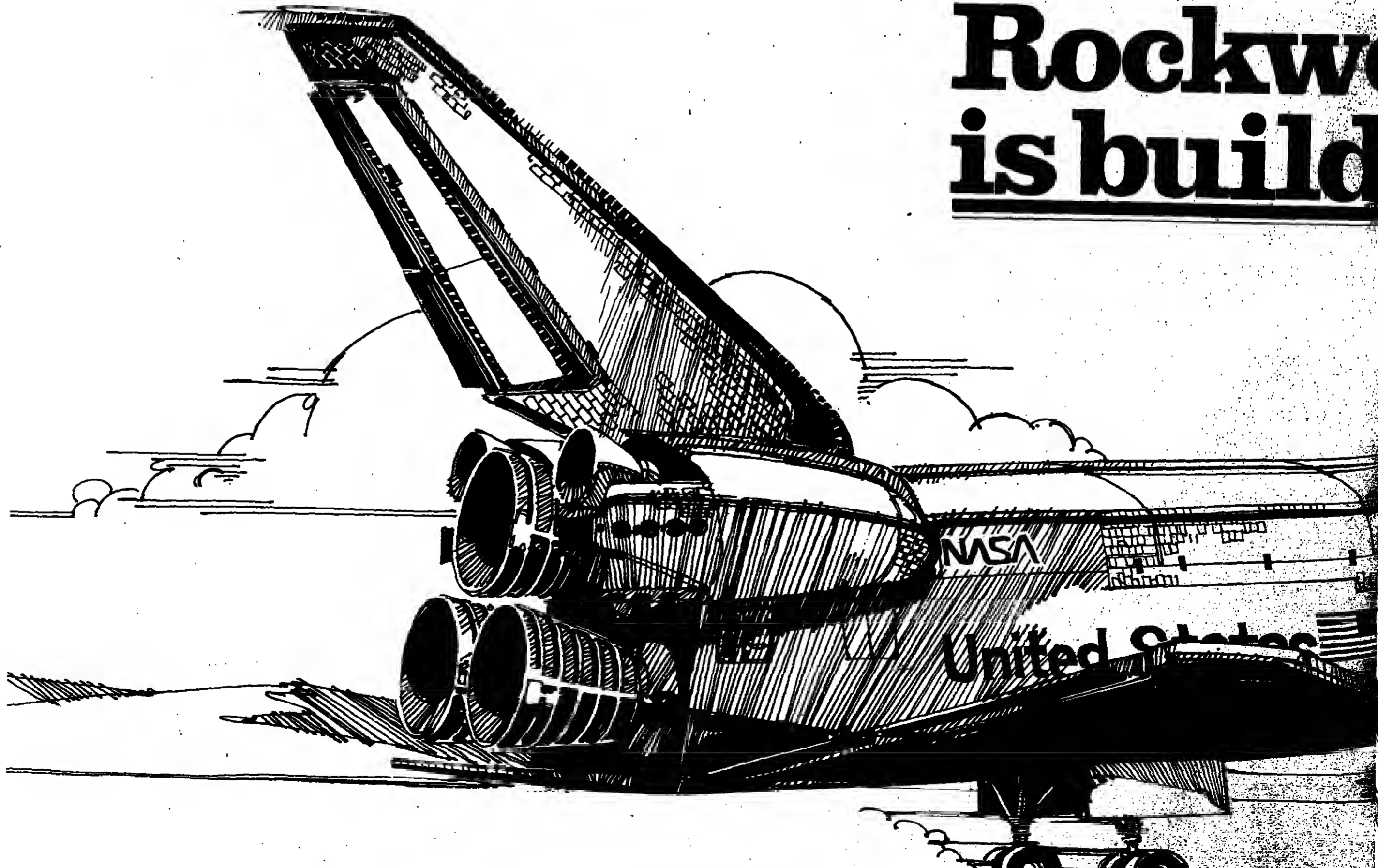
An international terrorist of especially gruesome reputation is at large. He has dynamited a London shop, made for Paris for a face-lifting and murdered the surgeon who performed it. At the moment he is in New York and threatens to kidnap UN officials and hold them hostage and may blow up the UN building, to boot.

The chase and surprises have been expertly maneuvered by Bruce Malmuth's direction and several of the circumstances — the cable car teetering above the East River, for example — afford nightmarish visions. It is evidently obligatory for star actors these days to indulge in transvestism and, though Stallone is an unlikely candidate for such an assignment, he must doo light and fluffly lingerie to coax the villain into his web.

The lurid melodrama is well-made and well-played and has the appropriate tick of a time bomb. (At the Paramount City and the Paramount Odeon in English.)

John Guillermin's "Mr. Patman" has the virtue of novelty, its muddled morality piece. Its protagonist is a male nurse in a ward who gains the confidence of the inmates by his insidious understanding of their needs, which is in strong contrast to the institutional medicine practiced by the callous hospital staff. This odd loner has a dis-

Rockwell is build




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NYSE Nationwide Trading 2 P.M. Prices Apr. 21

Tables include the nationwide prices up to 2 p.m. on Wall Street.

Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16

Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16



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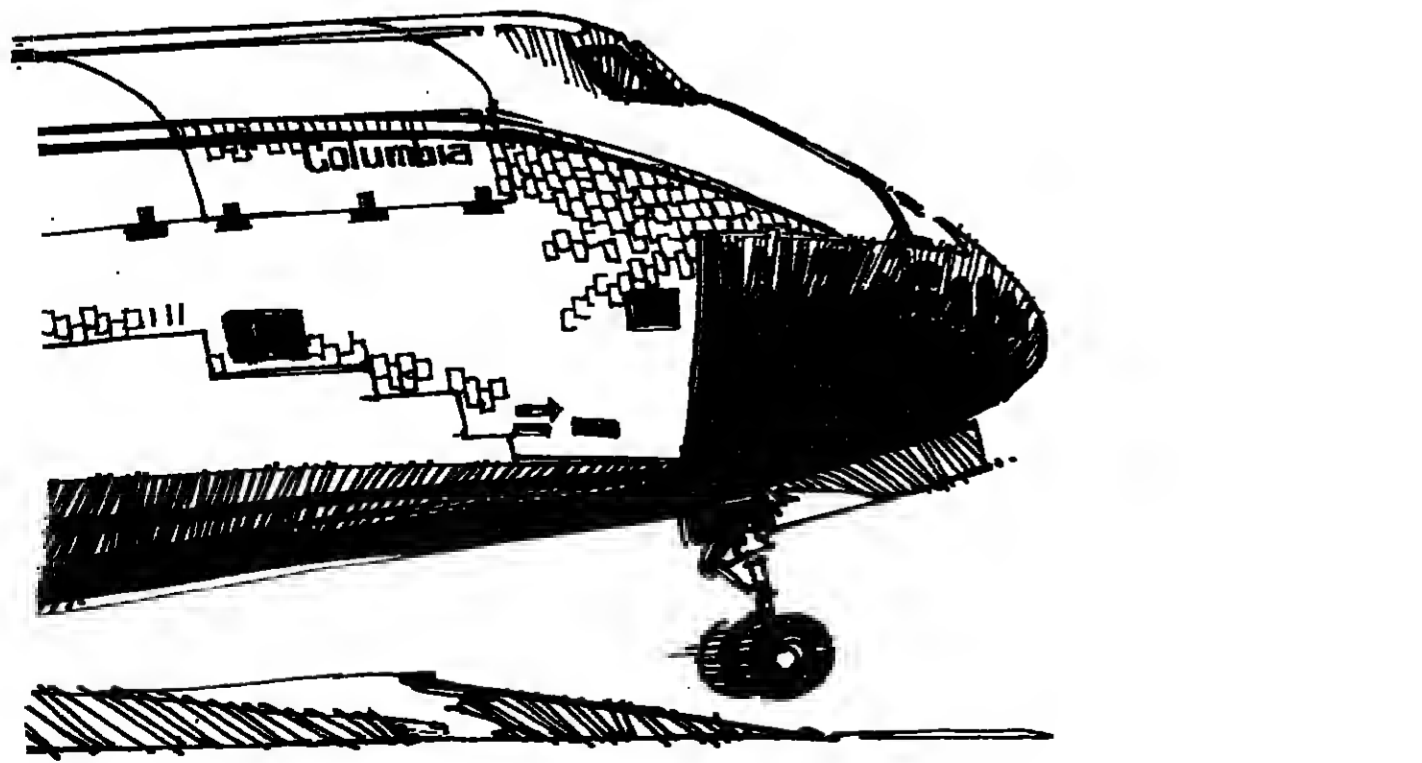
Today, we're a uniquely balanced energy company. Our various divisions produce and market coal, LP-gas, oil, gas and liquid fertilizers. And yes, we continue to expand and operate our pipelines.

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Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low	12 Month	Stock	High	Low
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16
12	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16	11.16	AA	11.16	11.16

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NYSE Nationwide Trading 2 P.M. Prices Apr. 21

Table of NYSE stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Close prices.

Table of international stock prices, including sections for Toronto Stocks, Montreal Stocks, Canadian Indexes, and European Stock Markets.

Table titled 'Quotations in Canadian Funds' listing various mutual funds and their performance metrics.

Table titled 'Toronto Stocks' showing closing prices for various Canadian stocks on April 21, 1981.

Table titled 'Montreal Stocks' showing closing prices for various Montreal stocks on April 21, 1981.

Table titled 'Canadian Indexes' showing the performance of various Canadian market indices.

Table titled 'European Stock Markets' showing closing prices for various European stocks.

Advertisement for 'INTERNATIONAL FUNDS' listing various investment options and their details.

Table titled 'European Stock Markets' providing a detailed overview of stock prices across multiple European cities including Amsterdam, Paris, London, Brussels, Frankfurt, and Zurich.

Table titled 'European Stock Markets' providing a detailed overview of stock prices across multiple European cities including Amsterdam, Paris, London, Brussels, Frankfurt, and Zurich.

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Tokyo Warns of Trade War Plane Maker

By Mike Tharp New York Times Service TOKYO — One of Japan's top trade officials has warned that passage of a bill to restrict Japanese auto exports to the United States could lead to protectionist retaliation...

weeks ago. "If that is true, the manufacturers wonder why they should restrain their exports." Mr. Amaya said the Japanese government was warring with the method of how to restrict exports...

Japan Expected to Spend More on European Plants

MUNICH — Japanese companies are certain to switch the emphasis of their investment in EEC countries to production plants from marketing and service operations, the IFO Economic Research Institute said Tuesday.

In a study of EEC-Japanese trade, the institute said investment of this kind, which would protect existing jobs and create new ones, would be the only way to reduce tension in Europe over the imbalance of trade between Japan and the EEC.

The main reason for European anger with its Japanese trading partners is the real or alleged danger to jobs resulting from Japanese export successes in the European market, the institute said.

Seeks Deal For New Jet McDonnell Douglas Wants Joint Venture

By Carole Shifrin Washington Post Service ST. LOUIS, Mo. — McDonnell Douglas is talking to several domestic and foreign aircraft makers, including the European Airbus Industrie, about a joint undertaking to produce a new 150-passenger commercial airplane...

Sanford J. McDonnell said Monday that the company expects by about June 1 to pick a major partner who will absorb a "significant share" of the development costs of the new plane.

He said there is growing pressure from the airline industry for a 150-passenger twin-jet that uses all the latest noise-reduction and fuel-saving technology.

Delta Airlines officials recently announced that they would purchase 100 such planes as part of its fleet replacement program, and United Airlines is expected to indicate its interest in a similar plane soon.

Mr. McDonnell said the growing interest by airlines in a new, comparatively small twin-engine jet could be "an important opportunity" that the company intends to pursue vigorously.

Chicago Futures

Table with columns: Wheat, Soybeans, Corn, etc. showing futures prices for April 20, 1981.

Cash Prices

Table with columns: Commodity, Unit, Price. Listing prices for various commodities like coffee, sugar, etc.

Commodity Indexes

Table with columns: Index Name, Value. Listing indexes for things like Cotton, Wool, etc.

Market Summary

Table with columns: Sector, Change. Summary of market movements for various sectors.

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES

Table with columns: Commodity, Price. Listing U.S. commodity prices for various goods.

New York Futures

Table with columns: Commodity, Price. Listing New York futures prices for various commodities.

London Metals Market

Table with columns: Metal, Price. Listing London metal market prices for various metals.

Parish Commodities

Table with columns: Commodity, Price. Listing Parish commodity prices for various goods.

AMEX Stock Index

Table with columns: Sector, Change. Listing AMEX stock index data for various sectors.

Gold Options

Table with columns: Strike, Price. Listing gold options prices for various strikes.

European Gold Markets

Table with columns: City, Price. Listing European gold market prices for London, Zurich, etc.

Valuers White Weld S.A.

Table with columns: Country, Price. Listing Valuers White Weld S.A. prices for various countries.

Dividends

Table with columns: Company, Dividend. Listing dividend information for various companies.

Germany's Revised Deficit for 1980

FRANKFURT — The Bundesbank Tuesday issued a revised report of the West German current account showing a larger 1980 deficit than previously reported...

COMPANY REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated. Includes reports for companies like Imperial Oil, Asahi, etc.

Canada

Table with columns: Company, Revenue, Profit. Listing Canadian company financials for 1981 and 1980.

United States

Table with columns: Company, Revenue, Profit. Listing U.S. company financials for 1981 and 1980.

Tokyo Exchange

Table with columns: Company, Revenue, Profit. Listing Tokyo Exchange financials for 1981 and 1980.

Crown Cork & Seal

Table with columns: Company, Revenue, Profit. Listing Crown Cork & Seal financials for 1981 and 1980.

Continental Illinois

Table with columns: Company, Revenue, Profit. Listing Continental Illinois financials for 1981 and 1980.

U.S. \$120,000,000 International Westminster Bank Limited Floating Rate Capital Notes 1984

Heublein 1981 1980 Revenue 446.6 446.6 Profits 17.89 17.89

Johns-Manville 1981 1980 Revenue 548.3 548.3 Profits 14.2 14.2

Work Force Louisiana has 1.6 million hardworking people, younger and considerably more productive than the national average...

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES Work Force

Eurocurrency Interest Rates April 21, 1981

Bank of Tokyo Holding SA U.S. \$35,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1981

LOUISIANA WORKS Let it work for you!

PANAMA Corporation For informative free brochures about incorporation of Panama companies...

Selected Over-the-Counter Closing Prices, April 21, 1981

Floating Rate Notes Closing prices, April 21, 1981

Banks Issuer-Alias Corp. Coupon Head Bid Agent

Non Banks Issuer-Alias Corp. Coupon Head Bid Agent

AMEX Nationwide Trading 2 P.M. Prices Apr. 21

Tables include the nationwide prices up to 2 p.m. on Wall Street.

Large table of stock market data including AMEX, NYSE, and OTC prices for various companies and sectors.

Oil and Money Conference. London, June 18-19.

The second annual International Herald Tribune/Oil Daily conference on "Oil and Money in the Eighties," will take place September 28 and 29 in London. Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources, Saudi Arabia, will head a list of distinguished speakers from industry and government around the world.

For further information, please contact the International Herald Tribune, Conference Dept., 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Telephone: 747-12-65. Telex: 612832.

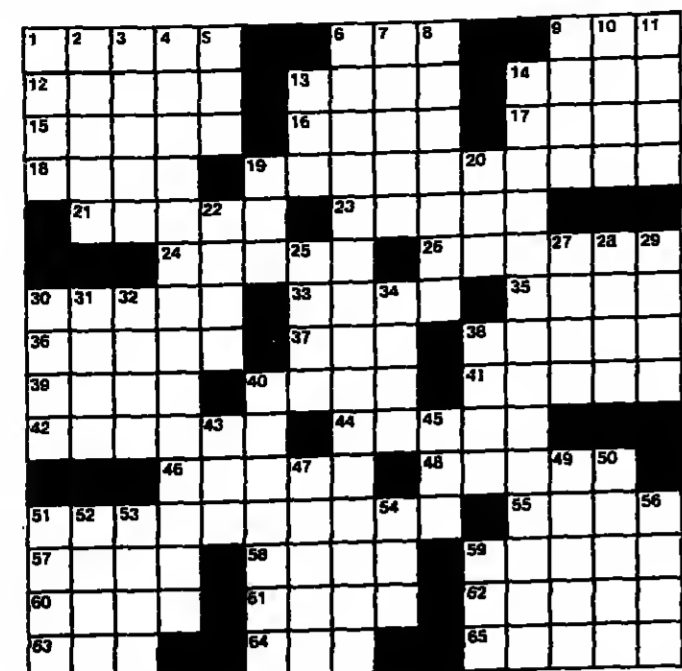
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Multiple classified advertisement sections including Employment, Secretaries Available, Holidays & Travel, Autos Tax Free, and various services.

Large advertisement for Escort Services, featuring various agencies and locations like London, Amsterdam, Zurich, and Paris.

Handwritten signature or mark at the bottom of the page.

CROSSWORD By Eugene T. Malesha



ACROSS

- 1 Is adjacent to
6 Small flounder
9 Liquidate
12 Use a Jacuzzi
13 Dyed rabbit fur
14 Sped
15 In (agitated)
16 Status of the Colosseum
17 Turgenev's hriplace
18 Even
19 Like underhanded advertising
21 Carpentry, e.g.
23 Imit
24 Teed off
26 Psychic, at times
30 Curved slab
33 Strigine sound
35 Blue or white body
36 Salvors
37 Cause supported by Maureen Reagan
38 Secretary of Interior, 1981-89

DOWN

- 1 Like out of hell
2 Fundamental
3 Speak
4 Track attraction
39 Animal fat
40 Domestic retreats
41 Err
42 Veno
44 Different
46 Incompetent
48 Espouse
51 Scurllet
52 Pimpmerls
55 Relating to: Suffix
57 Give each player a hand
58 Inter
59 Degrade
60 Paris RR station
61 but the brave
62 Type of type
63 Ending with east or west
64 Dress, with up
65 Wined and dined

Solution to Previous Puzzle

Grid showing solutions to the previous crossword puzzle, including words like 'LOSS', 'INTER', 'ALLEG', 'LATE', 'EAR', 'TULANE', 'PARTTIME', 'RUSSIAN', 'LITERATURE', 'FUDGE', 'SEE', 'SIZES', 'BITTER', 'SASSY', 'MISERY', 'PAZ', 'LINT', 'LOO', 'COPIER', 'WICK', 'CKA', 'ESTER', 'ARTY', 'SEEN', 'REALS', 'OVES'.

WEATHER

Weather forecast table with columns for High, Low, and conditions for various cities including ALGARVE, AMSTERDAM, ANKARA, ATHENS, AUCKLAND, BANGKOK, BEIRUT, BELGRADE, BERLIN, BRUSSELS, BUCHAREST, BUDAPEST, BUENOS AIRES, CAIRO, CASABLANCA, CHICAGO, COPENHAGEN, COSTA DEL SOL, DUBLIN, EDINBURGH, FLORENCE, FRANKFURT, GENEVA, HELSINKI, HONG KONG, HOUSTON, ISTANBUL, JAKARTA, JERUSALEM, JOHANNESBURG, LAS PALMAS, LISBON, LISBON, LONDON.

RADIO NEWCASTS BBC WORLD SERVICE

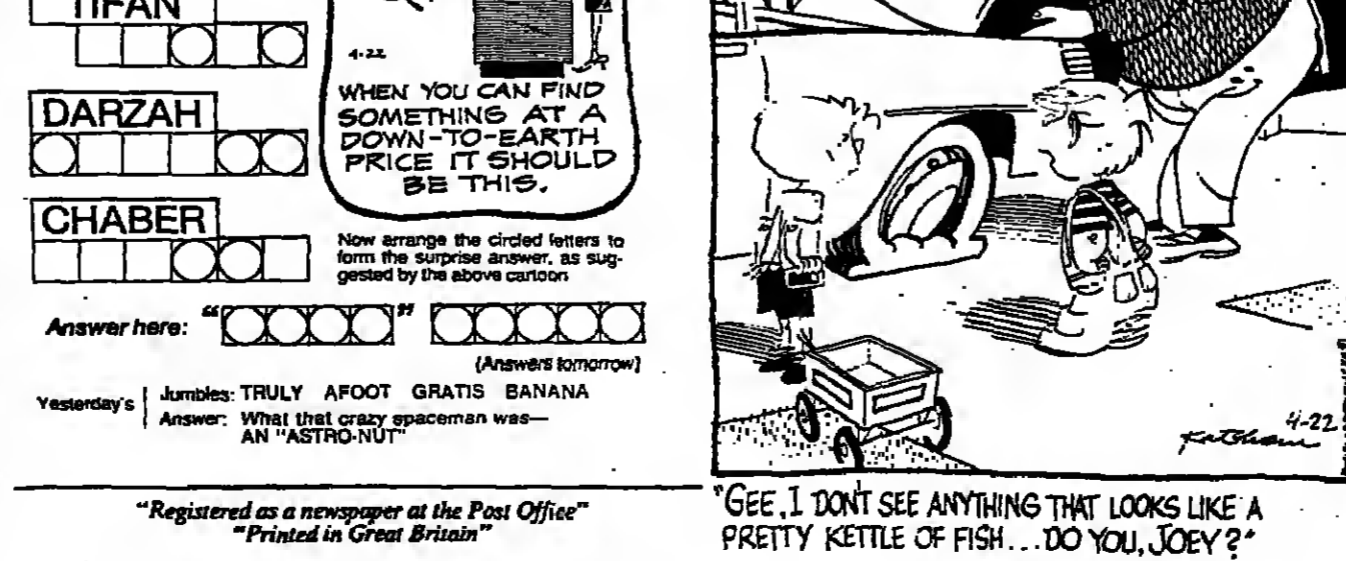
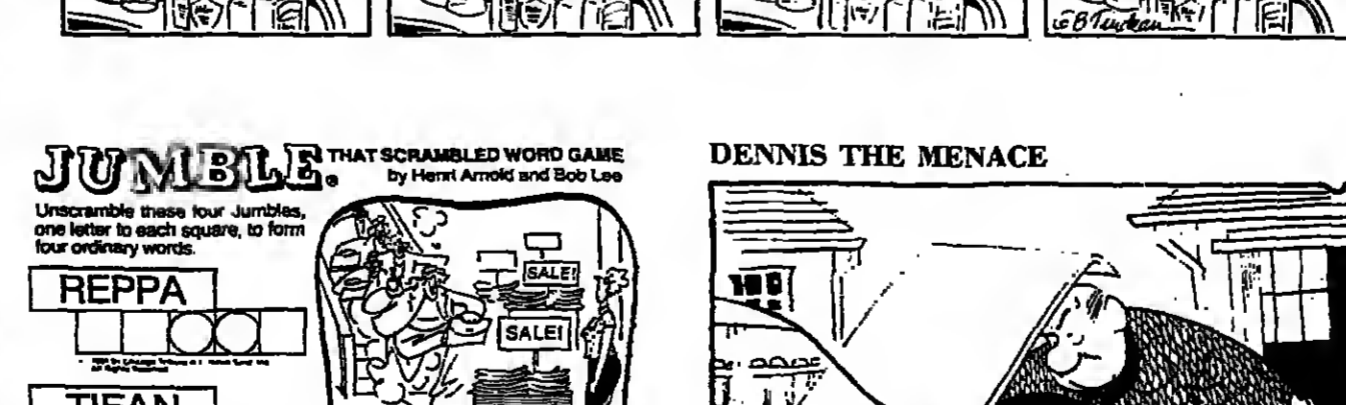
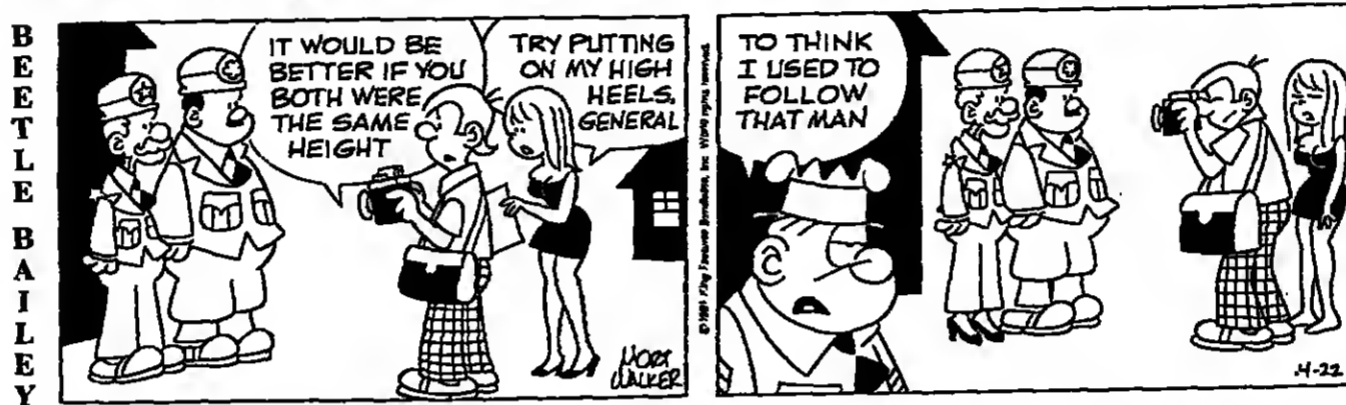
Broadcasts at 0600, 0700, 0800, 0900, 1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400, 1500, 1600, 1700, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2100, 2200, 2300 (All times GMT)
Suggested frequencies:
Western Europe: 488KHz and 453KHz Medium Wave, 5.975, 6.029, 7.120, 7.185, 7.255, 9.410, 9.750, 12.875 and 15.070 KHz in the 40, 41, 25 and 19 meter bands.

VOICE OF AMERICA

The Voice of America broadcasts world news in English on the hour and at 30 minutes after the hour during varying periods to different regions.
Suggested frequencies:
Western Europe: KHz 15.345, 7.255, 4.660, 5.955, 3.490, 3.495, 7.92, 12.740, 9.740, 1.29 in the 167, 41.1, 49.5, 54.7, 7.1, 291 (medium wave), 377 (medium wave), 255, 302 and 332 (medium wave) meter bands.

Easter Bunny Goes Up in Flames At Church; 3 Ohio Men Charged

NILES, Ohio — Three church members were charged with disorderly conduct and violating open burning laws after a 5-foot stuffed Easter bunny was burned as a pagan idol on the church lawn.
Police in this northern Ohio town said the elder of the Truth Tabernacle and two members set the stuffed rabbit on fire in an afternoon ceremony on Easter. One of the men said that people who had Easter bunnies were "heathens and dummies who worshiped pagan gods."
Timothy Cayten, 30, and Danny Chiwood, 32, pleaded not guilty Monday to charges of disorderly conduct and violating city burning laws. Vernon Cayten, 32, the elder, pleaded not guilty to disorderly conduct and obstructing official business and pleaded no contest to violating the open-burning law. He was fined \$50 in municipal court.



BOOKS THE ETRUSCANS

By Michael Grant, Scribner's Illustrated, 317 pp. \$17.50. Reviewed by John Leonard

MICHAEL GRANT drops his guard only once in his new book "The Etruscans." About 60 pages into it he tells us: "Like the romantics and Freudians of later ages, the Etruscans believed that there are mighty spheres of activity in which reason does not and cannot penetrate at all." Never mind that he misconstrues Freud, who sought to rationalize everything that seemed to be irrational. When we dream about the Etruscans, this is the sort of stuff we want to hear. Bring on the double urn, the butane-headed burial urn, the jugglers and wrestlers and black dogs and flying ducks. An entire culture has disappeared. It left no literature, but its warriors danced.

Grant is at pains to explain that there were many Etruscans — perhaps 12 city-states of the Greek variety — and they didn't always get along. Indeed, by failing to get along, with rude Rome for selfish reasons, they conspired unknowingly at their own demise. Each city-state was an amalgamation of villages for economic advantage. The advantage usually had to do with the mining of copper and iron, which could be traded for gold, although agriculture was also a factor. Metal, rivers and ravines determined Etruria.

Smithsonian Gets Portrait by Peale

WASHINGTON — Mrs. James Smith and Grandson — a portrait by the famed 18th-century American painter Charles Willson Peale, is now the property of the Smithsonian Institution's National Museum of American Art.

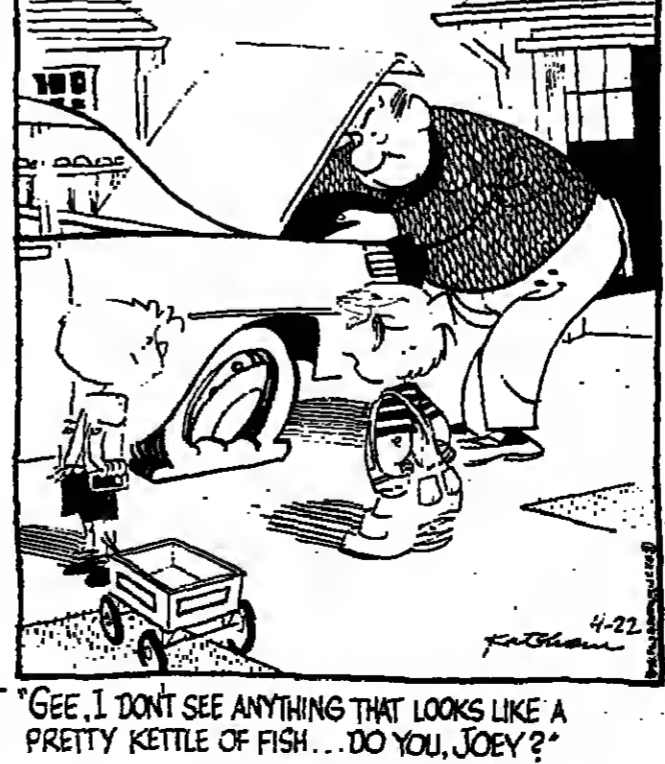
Ford Library to Open

ANN ARBOR, Mich. — The University of Michigan will dedicate a \$4.3-million research library April 27 in honor of former President Gerald R. Ford, a 1935 alumnus.

BRIDGE

At a recent tournament, good technique was rewarded for those declarers who reached a contract of six hearts on the diagrammed deal and received a spade lead. When North showed a powerful minor two-suiter, South used Blackwood and assumed that he would not lose more than one trump trick when his partner indicated two aces.

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

Word game section with scrambled words: REPPA, TIFAN, DARZAH, CHABER. Includes instructions and a cartoon illustration.

Observer

Cactus Submarines

By Russell Baker
NEW YORK—Strategic thinkers at the Institute of High Dudgeon are beside themselves about what they construe as our attack on the MX missile system.



Baker

The advice helped us toward our ultimate solution: the nuclear submarine. Long and successful experience with submarines as nuclear-bomb carriers has given Americans the necessary watery know-how, which is lacking in rail transport.

Our own strategic thinkers have, in fact, tackled the problem of how to keep an H-bomb constantly moving through a desert and produced a superior solution.

We began by recognizing that a railroad is the worst conceivable way for an American to keep an H-bomb, or anything else, in motion.

For the United States it would be an invitation to doom. The one thing agreed upon by all Americans outside the Institute of High Dudgeon is that Americans cannot run a railroad.

Recognizing this, our own strategic thinkers listed all other possible means of moving H-bombs through a desert.

The burro, being native to the Southwest, was our next choice.

Southwest, was our next choice. This we rejected on advice from Washington friends.

The advice helped us toward our ultimate solution: the nuclear submarine.

In order for our submarines to move, of course, we shall have to build 800 miles of deep-water canals through Arizona, Nevada, Utah and New Mexico.

Because of water shortages in the designated area, our canals will be filled from transcontinental pipelines siphoning the Great Lakes.

The advantages of the MX submarine canal over the MX railroad system are unarguable: (1) Ecological: Canals will bring water to parched deserts, attracting sea birds, fish and mammals.

When H-hour arrives, do you really want to be standing on the platform waiting for a train that was due two hours ago?

New York Times Service

The Ungerer Touch

'I'm Sorry to Say I've Become Very Successful ... Actually I'm Not Sorry at All'

By Michael Zwerin
International Herald Tribune

PARIS—Tomi Ungerer once prepared a pair of pork with a swastika in the middle to test his German agent's sense of humor. He had butchered the pig himself.



Illustrator Tomi Ungerer.

"It is hypocritical to avoid discussing Nazis with the Germans, but not if you are not prepared to kill the animal. If a man gives you a gun to test your will, it is hypocritical to shoot over his head and not at his heart."

He was born in Alsace, lived in New York for 15 years, and now lives on a 300-acre farm in Ireland. He speaks Alsatian, German and French, and English with an Irish accent.

"I believe in a gardener's discipline of watering one's vices and virtues. My vices are devices. I use them. For instance I always say I wish my vanity was as false as my modesty. Nixon once said that he only lost his temper on purpose. I do that. My anger is essential to my work."

One of the most versatile graphic artists, certainly one of the most successful, Ungerer has illustrated 120 books for children.

His family had manufactured astronomical clocks in Strasbourg for generations. His father died when he was 3, and the family fell on hard times.

Now 50, Ungerer calls his exhibition his "thesis," his "revenge against the French." It is sponsored by the city of Strasbourg.

The French are like chickens who walk all over their own eggs; they don't organize easily.

"I got this show together by sheer, as they say in New York,chutzpah. I like to operate in a military fashion. I give myself a certain amount of time to get it together. I refuse to fight any battles that might be losable.

His family had manufactured astronomical clocks in Strasbourg for generations. His father died when he was 3, and the family fell on hard times.

Now 50, Ungerer calls his exhibition his "thesis," his "revenge against the French." It is sponsored by the city of Strasbourg.

He has been compared to Goya, Dammier, Steinberg, and Richard Lindner. An Ungerer retrospective opens at Paris' Musee des Arts Decoratifs on April 29 (through July 27) and getting it together was "more of a military operation than a political campaign."

that city. Like many Alsatians, he developed an inferiority complex toward the French, who have often repressed Alsatian culture. The situation has improved. But if he was caught speaking Alsatian he had to stay for two hours after school.

Not Taken Seriously

Ungerer and his Connecticut-born wife farmed in Nova Scotia for a while but it was "like the Wild West there by the gun."

His "Fornico" is a collection of drawings depicting unisex characters strapped into diabolical pleasure devices. It is a satire on a society where people don't even touch each other any more. Everything is intercepted by machinery, by money.

"I fell in love with New York," he says. "People were very kind to me. But everything is very specialized there and my kind of satire was not taken seriously on an artistic level.

"The only time in my life I went to a critic to beg for a review, John Gruen told me: 'Tomi, if I wrote about you, I would lose my reputation.'



An Ungerer caricature.



Ungerer's drawings will be featured in a Paris retrospective.

didn't know what he meant but that's the kind of thing I eventually went away from. It's so specialized there. Since I was successful in advertising, how could I also be a serious artist?

Tall, leaning forward like an eager Jacques Tati, Ungerer can be described as laughing all the way to the bank.

French expression, my Gallic side coming out: 'Je m'excuse mais c'est comme ça.' Actually I'm not sorry at all.

"I take life in steps," he says. "No curves involved. I go from one situation to another without asking questions. I always buy the first house or apartment I see. A year and a half ago my wife and I decided to have this show in Paris, we decided that over a weekend. We came to Paris on Monday and 24 hours later we had an apartment. As an artist as well as a farmer, I cultivate my instinct. I suppose that's one reason I'm a big jazz fan. First, the nose that's in New York but since I left I've been blessed with prestige too. When I said 'sorry to say' it was just a never hits me."

PEOPLE: Olivia de Havilland

Years for 'Wind'

For Olivia de Havilland, and kindly Melanie H Wilkes in "Gone With the Wind" was "the woman I wanted the woman I was not, the woman who would like to be, the act in an unpublished brief me her role. Miss de Havilland cided to sell at auction a leather-bound copy of the shooting script of the film to become a classic, and cluded with the manuscript page handwritten memoir making of the movie. The who has lived in Paris 20 years, said, "I'm selling it and a lot of other things. I'm changing my whole life and moving back to the States." She said she would settle in Connecticut summer or fall. Dated 1981, the unpublished says: "I was 22 years old began filming 'Gone With the Wind.' The role of Melanie a very great deal to me, personalized values very dangerous at the time. The of her strength was love. The while, as I lived her in her love, felt her pain, faith, felt her happiness. Havilland's script and memo be auctioned April 30.

Chicago Mayor Richard Daley tugged at a rope, tugged, then danced a jig of the taped thunder of the Symphony Orchestra. The plastic drape simply came off the latest addition cago's collection of statues art. When the music pulled at the plastic, the drape peeled away, revealing a sculpture by Jean Metzger. The 85 Maudslayi man his Chicago, a city he has a once. The "Chicago" appeared to be the two-figure of a woman, holding arms. One hundred men, the Chicago Symphony wposed to herald the Mrs. outdoor concert. They sniff of the weather at home. The temperature would cause irreparable damage to their instruments. They tapes in the cause of cultivation and their Sir Georg Solti. He bravo bundled up in a coat an. —SAMUEL J.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Real Estate and Business Classified Advertisements. Includes sections for 'MOVING', 'ANNOUNCEMENTS', 'REAL ESTATE FOR SALE', 'REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE', and 'BUSINESS SERVICES'. Contains various property listings and business opportunities.

International Business Message Center

International Business Message Center advertisement. Promotes a service for publishing business messages in the International Herald Tribune. Includes contact information and service details.

University of Riyadh advertisement. Lists various academic departments and programs available for students, including Arabic, English, Geography, Mass Communications, and more.

Small text at the bottom left of the page, possibly a page number or additional contact information.